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CALCUTTA NOT TO BE A 'FREE PORT'

NEGOTIATIONS WITH NIZAM OVER BERAR

Tories Worried About Andamans Going To Indian Union

INDEPENDENCE BILL IN COMMONS COMMITTEE

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee made it clear in the House of Commons today that there was nothing in the wording of the Indian Independence Bill to modify the complete independence and autonomy of the Dominions of India and Pakistan which will come into existence on August 15.

Referring to Berar, Mr. Henderson said, while Berar would undoubtedly 'De Jure' revert to Hyderabad, the fact that it was now administered entirely by the officials of the Government of India and the Central Provinces made it obviously necessary for the Government of India to enter into discussions with the Nizam either to continue the existing arrangement or to replace the present setup in the light of the legal position.

Asked by Mr. Butler if any suggestion had been made of making Calcutta an International or "Impartial" port, Mr. Henderson said the British Government had not considered making Calcutta a free port. It fell within that part of the existing province of Bengal which contained the majority of Hindus.

Mr. Butler suggested that if such an arrangement was made, Calcutta could offer facilities in all circumstances to the Eastern trade of Bengal and raw jute would be sure of processing in the west and the mills on the outskirts of Calcutta.

INDIA BILL IN COMMITTEE STAGE

Asking why August 15 had been chosen as the appointed day, Mr. Butler said a great deal of detailed work would still be necessary before that date.

Was the date requested by both sides in India, he asked.

Mr. Godfrey Nicholson, Conservative, said: "I should like to have seen the phrase used 'sovereign States within the British Commonwealth of Nations, hereafter to be known in the Act as the new Dominions'.

"Is it too late to introduce something like that in the clause, because I believe it would have a good effect in India.

Brigadier Low, Conservative, said he had heard it argued by friends of the Congdess Party in England that the use of the word "India" in the bill was a proof that the British Government took the view that Pakistan had seceded from the whole of India.

But he understood there had been an agreement which had been approved by the British Government and that the British Government did not take up one side or the other in the partitioning of India.

ATTLEE'S REPLY

The Prime Minister, replying to this preliminary discussion, said: "I thank Mr. Butler for the spirit in which he has approached this matter and would assure him that it is the Government's intention and desire to give every possible information and not to attempt any scoring points.

"We adopted the timing of the bill on the advice of the Viceroy. It will be realised how difficult that situation is in which you have an Interim Government in which two separate communities are trying to work in a unitary Government, and I think there is a great deal to be said for getting them launched starting on their work. The longer you keep this matter hanging about in an interminate way, the greater the difficulties which arise.

"That has been done not from any ulterior motive, but on the advice we have had from India. With regard to the tedm Independent Dominions, I think you need the word Dominions here. We do understand what Dominion Status means under the Statute of Westminster. Whatever alteration there may be in the future in the Statute of Westminster, that status today does define this position. It does mean complete autonomy.

"With regard to the word 'independence' that again one may quarrel over, but one has to consider both history and psychology in this matter, and it is a fact that it is not generally realised throughout the world, that although it is quite properly said that there is interdependence. there is complete independence in the Dominions from any control whether from Whitehall or from Parliament.

"I think that is what the Indians really want to have emphasised. People who have long been under the tutelage of Whitehall and under the control of this Parliament feel that now at last they are independent of that control".

Mr. Wilson Harris, Independent asked if allegiance to the Crown was quite consistent with the term "independence".

The Prime Minister: "I thnk so, because the King is King of Great

(Continued on Page 5)

Royal Assent On Friday

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): The Indian Independence Bill which is to create the Dominions of India and Pakistan will become law at 4 p.m. I.S.T. on Friday, Reuter's political correspondent learned authoritatively today.

The King is appointing a Royal Commission of three—led by Lord Chancellor Lord Jowitt—to convey his Royal assent to the Bill to Parliament.

PROVINCES IN FREE INDIA

Congress Members Of Consembly Discuss Draft Report

NEW DELHI, July 14. (A.P.I.): Congress members of the Indian Constituent Assembly met this evening at Constitution House and scrutinised provisions of the model provincial Constitution which has been drafted by the committee appointed for this purpose.

There has been a good deal of discussion on the method of electing future Governors of Provinces.

The committee recommended, it is understood that the Governors should be directly elected on the basis of adult suffrage.

After the discussion today it was decided to retain this provision.

Congress Party members are meeting again tomorrow to discuss other provisions in the draft constitution.

Pakistan High Commissioner

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): British political quarters tonight predicted that Mr. Laurence Barton Grafftey-Smith, British Minister to Saudi-Arabia, would be appointed British High Commissioner to Pakistan.

Mr. Grafftey-Smith is understood to be in London for consultations. He is 55 years of age and has been Minister to Saudi-Arabia since 1945.

EDITORS MEET MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, July 14 (API). Members of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference met Mahatma Gandhi this evening.

JAWAHAR SEES MAHATMA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr. Jivraj Mehta and Mr. G. D. Birla called on Mahatma Gandhi todaly.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad met him in the morning.

Britain and King of Canada and the other dominions."

Continuing Mr. Attlee said that whether one called these dominions India or Pakistan, that was largely a choice of names decided by the Indians themselves. It was a fact

International Conference on Human Rights,

Manek Vajifdar, Organising Secretary of the India League, chatting with Miss Jaspan of the Transvaal All Women's Union, South Africa, while Professor E. A. Walker explains his theory to Y. A. Motala of South Africa at the International Conference on Human Rights recently held at Caxton Hall, London.

ALL EXITS BLOCKED WHILE POLICE OPENED FIRE

State Congress Chief On Trivandrum Tragedy: Travancore Govt.'s Stern Warning Against Violent Agitation

TRIVANDRUM, July 14. (A.P.I.): Mr. Pattom Thannu Pillai, President of the Travancore State Congress, in a statement to the press on the occurrences at the Congress meeting held last evening at Pettah says:

"That Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer is prepared to go to any length to suppress public opinion against his decision to keep Travancore out of the Constituent Assembly and the Indian Union and to continue autocracy as long as possible was demonstrated on July 13."

Mr. Pillai says that the meeting was peaceful and was attended by more than five thousand people and adds: "Wantonly and without the least provocation or justification the police made a brutal lathi charge and followed it up by using tear gas and an indiscriminate shooting".

He says: "The audience dispersed in panic. While they were dispersing, not content with the lathi charge the police opened fire and firing continued for a considerable time. The police had blocked roads on all sides and the terror-stricken people could only escape through a narrow lane. Many, received bullet wounds"

Mr. Pillai alleges that the attack on the people was "previously planned, deliberate and wanton"

GOVT.'S VERSION

The incident at a State Congress meeting last night leading to the death of one person and injuries to fifteen others, including the Assistant Superintendent of Police and three constables either by stoning or shooting forms the subject of an official Press Note issued this morning.

The Press Note says:

"A full report has now reached Government regarding the happenings in connection with the State Congress meeting arranged to take place in Pettah, Trivandrum, last evening. Even before this meeting, reports had reached Government that in the course of certain State Congress workers' conferences at Alleppy, Quilon and Neyattinkara the State Congress had decided that volunteers should be collected to deal summarily with hecklers and those who put questions to Congressmen during meetings held by them.

The local police in Trivandrum anticipated some trouble, but what took place was concerted action more serious than was anticipated. At the meeting it was fcund that a toddy vendor and ration shop keeper had collected rowdies from different parts of city apparently on behalf of the State Congress and brought them to the meeting at 4 p.m.

CONGRESSMEN FABL OUT!

When certain questions were put to Mr. Velayudhan Nair, a State Congress speaker who addressed the meeting, cries were heard that the questioner should be caught and tied up. These attempts created confusion and those in favour of the State Congress and party who were of the opposite opinion started attacking each other.

Information having been received of these developments, the Assistant Superintendent of Police proceeded to the place and directed the crowd to disperse. The crowd without moving threw stones at the police party. The A. S. P. and three policemen received injuries. As the stone-throwing continued, a lathi charge was attempted, but this was not effective. The crowd went into various private premises and threw stones from there. A tear-gas squad was used, but did not help to ease the situation. Not only did stone-throwing continued, but the house of one Sivanandan, Advocate, who a sympathiser of the independence movement was attacked.

WHEN FIRE WAS OPENED

It was after that the A. S. P. directed that fire should be opened and crowd dispersed. The First Class Magistrate and D.S.P. took control of the situation and acted on the orders of the Magistrate, including the District Magistrate who arrived on the scene later. About sixteen people have been injured as a result of the disturbances and one of the injured was the temporary District Munsiff. One of the injured, an oilmonger, succumbed to his injuries at the General Hospital.

The crowd also threw stones at the Trivandrum Express train and passing cars.

The situation is now reported to be absolutely quiet, but these incidents prove that the State Congress Party are definitely embarking on a campaign of violence.

They are also inciting students in various colleges to strike. Government feel it their duty to warn members of the State Congress that if they adopt such violent methods they will be very seriously dealt with.

INDEPENDENCE OF TRAVANCORE

Government wish to make a last appeal to patriotic citizens to help in maintaining law and order.

The question of independence is no longer a live issue as in the course of the next few days the independence of Travancore will be recognised by Parliament and the Crown. All further steps are entirely a matter for internal settlefent and adjustment and Government hope that wise counsels will prevail and that the method of quiet discussion will be pursued in reference to violent propaganda.

Police and military authorities have been given strict instructions not to intervene unless demonstrations become turbulent, but if and when they intervene they will necessarily have to take deterrent action."

REDUCTION IN BRITAIN'S NEWSPRINT RATION

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter). A reduction in the newsprint ration for Britain's newspapers coupled with an increase in price was announced today.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 14.

Previous Closing	34.33
Today's Opening	34.40
Difference	—07
Today's Closing	33.90
Difference	—43

LATEST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 14

	Rs.	
Cotton Sept.	453	0
Silver Ready	170	4
Gold Ready	112	4
Silver Tukda	169	12
Sovereigns	94	4

SOVIET REPLY TO PARIS

Trade Pacts As Counter Move Against Marshall Plan

PRAGUE, July 14. (I.P.A.): It is understood that Russia is organising a series of trade pacts as counter move to the Paris talks on the Marshall Plan. It is thought that Moscow agreement, aided by Polish coal will help Czechoslovakia to become the main supplier of industrial equipment to Eastern Europe. The Soviet Union has booked in advance one quarter of Czechoslovakia's exports for the next five years. The Czech-Polish agreement is likely to shift the centre of Europe's industrial power from the Ruhr to the Silesian-Moravian region. The Czechs fear that America is determined on rebuilding the Ruhr industries as backbone of the Marshall Plan.

ANGLO-SOVIET TALKS

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): Trade negotiations between Britain and the Soviet Union are still proceeding on the basis that Russia may be able to sell Britain 1,000,000 tons of cereals, including wheat, from her current harvest, authoritative quarters stated today.

British newspaper reports suggesting that negotiations were not making much headway were deprecated by such quarters which spoke hopefully of their progress. To some extent the continuation of bread rationing in Britain may hinge upon a successful outcome of the negotiations between the British Trade Mission and the Soviet.

CHINESE 'REDS' INVADE TOWN

Fall Of Taierhchuang

NANKING, July 14. (Reuter): Chinese Communist Forces driving towards the important Government supply base of Suchow in Northern Kiangsu province, today captured Taierhchuang, a strategic rail town on the Shantung-Kiangsu border at the end of a branch line from the main Tsinan-Suchow Railway, unconfirmed reports here said.

STOP PRESS

JINNAH TO SHIFT TO KARACHI ON AUGUST 6

KARACHI, July 14. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Governor-General-Designate of Pakistan, is expected to arrive in the capital of Pakistan on August 6. Arrangements are being made for him to occupy the present Government House. The Sind Governor, Sir Francis Mudie, is likely to move to old Government House

ECONOMIC COMMISSION MEMBERSHIP

LAKE SUCCESS, July 14. (Reuter): An Indian resolution that States not members of the United Nations should be admitted as full members to the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East was defeated by five to three with two abstentions in the Commission sitting as a Committee today.

MILITARY RULE IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, July 14 (APA). Military rule was clamped down on from 10,000 to 14,000 persons in the Nathanyan area tonight to "facilitate" the hunt for two British Army sergeants kidnapped early on Saturday by Irgun Zvai Leumi.

Shipments of food in and out of the area will also be banned except food movements my military authorities.

LORDS DEFEAT GOVT. ON AGRICULTURE BILL

LONDON, July 14 (UPA.) The House of Lords defeated the Government today when it carried with a thumping majority an amendment to the Agriculture Bill over Laborite opposition.

The vote was 52 to seven.

International Brigade For Greece?

VOLUNTEERS BEING TRAINED IN FRANCE

Guerilla War Gathers Momentum: Athens Swoop On ELAS

WASHINGTON, July 14. (I.P.A.): The United States Government reliably understand that an international Brigade is being formed in Europe for the Greek civil war, largely recruited and trained in France in recreation centres run by the French General Labour Confederation. It is alleged that the trainees are sent to Genoa and thence to Jugoslav ports for further training.

Reports from Paris say that Jugoslav ships are calling at Cette near Marseilles for volunteers to Dubrovnik and Split the Jugoslav ports.

The French Communist Party in Paris is stated to be encouraging young members to join the volunteer scheme to build a railway across south Bosnia.

POLICE SWOOP ON LEFT-WINGERS.

ATHENS, July 14. (Reuter): The Athens police to-day arrested another 3,000 people—many of them technicians in telephone, electricity and water supply services—in a new swoop on Greek left-wing supporters. They were charged with planning sabotage in the Greek Capital.

It was stated in Government quarters that the arrested men belonged to the "reserve ranks" of ELAS (war time left-wing resistance movement).

The latest arrests have brought to nearly 4,000 the number of Greek communists and left-wing sympathisers arrested since last Wednesday, when hundreds of people were detained in a left-wing roundup after the discovery of an alleged order to extend guerilla fighting to the towns.

KONITZA ENCIRCLED.

Latest report of the fighting near the Albanian frontier, where guerillas, said to be aided by Albanians, have encircled the town of Konitza, said the Greek army had reoccupied the Borozani bridge near the frontier.

No reports have so far been received of the fighting in Konitza itself which was last night said to be resisting heroically.

HYDERABAD TO JOIN CONSEMBLY?

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, July 14.

Thanks to the unceasing efforts of the Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten, hopes are being expressed here for the early entry of the Hyderabad State into the Constituent Assembly. Reports are also current here that the settlement over Berar is in sight. Both the parties under agreement will ratify prior agreement referred to in section 47 of Government of India Act, 1935.

Circles in touch with the Viceroys House anticipate early entry of Indore into the Constituent Assembly. This will further isolate Travancore and Bhopal.

Talks also are in progress here in regard to entry of Indian States into the Union. One proposal is that states should enter the Union forth with on the basis of May 16th plan under which they were to federate in respect of Communications Defence and Foreign Affairs. Early decision is expected.

SARDAR FOR CONGRESS PARTY LEADERSHIP?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 13

According to reports of the Constituent Assembly Congress Party, during its current session will elect its leader. Acharya Kripalani as the leader of Congress Party by virtue of his being President of the Congress. New Delhi would not be surprised if Sardar Patel were elected leader of Congress Party and thus become India's first premier under the Dominion Constitution.

MRS. PARULEKAR ACQUITTED

BOMBAY, July 14 (API.) Mrs. Godavari Parulekar, Communist leader of Warlis in Thane District, who was being tried on the charge of having incited Warlis to commit acts of violence, was today acquitted by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana.

ARMED PARTY RAIDS PUNJAB VILLAGE

Eight Persons Shot Dead: Three Seriously Injured

FAZILKA (Punjab), July 14. (A. P. I.): Eight persons were shot dead and three seriously injured when a party of 20 persons raided the village of Tarewala in the jurisdiction of Jallalabad Police Station. The party, armed with guns, pistols and spears, attacked the village at dusk.

LAHORE SITUATION.

LAHORE, July 14. (A.P.I.): Two persons were found dead in a pool of blood in a house this morning in Model Town, a suburb of Lahore. The police are investigating.

A report of a knife-attack has been received from Yudhishtar Road in Krishan Nagar. The victim was removed to hospital.

An explosion shook the Lachman Gali in Gowalmandi area this afternoon. Negligible damage was caused. One house was sent on fire in Lohari Mandi this afternoon.

CALCUTTA INCIDENTS.

CALCUTTA, July 14. (A.P.I.): Reports of eight incidents were received to-day from some parts of Calcutta, upto 9 p.m. says a Bengal Government Press Note issued tonight.

Only one bomb attack was reported. This incident occurred in Amherst Street Police Station jurisdiction and resulted in injuries to two persons. Three arrests were made on the spot.

Stray assault numbered seven and were reported from Muchipara, Burrabazar, Garden Reach, Watgunge, Park Street, Beniapukur and Bow Bazar Police Stations.

Thirty persons were taken into custody to-day.

The casualties figures as reported upto 9 p.m. are: two dead and five injured.

HOWRAH reported a case of assault which proved fatal. Following this incident the Police searched affected locality and discovered 80 rounds of ammunitions, some country-made revolvers and other weapons. Several persons were arrested in this connection.

POONA BAN ON PROCESSIONS

POONA, July 14. (A.P.I.): The District Magistrate of Poona by an order issued to-day has banned the taking out of processions for a period of 15 days in Poona city, suburban and Poona and Kirkee Cantonment areas and a number of other places in Poona District.

BURMA'S CLAIM FOR ASSAM

RANGOON, July 14. (Reuter): Dr. Tin Aung, Burmese writer and legal expert, declared today that the Indian province of Assam belonged to Burma "geographically, racially, legally and historically".

In today's issue of the influential weekly "Burmese Review" Dr. Tin Aung, who is the brother of U. Tin Tut, Burmese High Commissioner-Designate to London, called for a referendum in the Assam province to decide whether the people in it had to join Burma or not. If a referendum were held, many people would prefer to join Burma.

Members of the Standing Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. at Lord and Lady Mountbatten's "At Home." Picture shows Lord Mountbatten speaking to Bidhu Bhushan Das of U.P.I., while T. K. Ghose smiles.

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(2) FOR SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES LARGE QUANTITIES OF AMERICAN RADIO AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT: Aircraft receivers and transmitters, test equipment, oscilloscopes, frequency meters, test sets, and large quantities of components, coils, condensers, valves, dynamotors, resistances, tuning shafts, etc. Apply Sales Manager, TATA AIRCRAFT LTD., Titaghur Air Depot, 24, Parganas, Bengal. Tel. No.: Cal. 3081-87. Telegram: Tatacraft, Titaghur.

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CONNAUGHT CIRCUS, NEW DELHI. COOPERGANJ, CAWNPORE.

RANGERS IN DULL MATCH

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Monday.

Rangers	**1**
Dockyards	**0**

(Results of first leb1—1)

Six minutes from the end Payne tossed a loose ball to outside right Gardner who eluded the onrushing Santiago and scored the only goal of a dull and barren match. Generally the winners dominated the exchanges but the slipping surface did not give them as much of a chance as they would have otherwise have enjoyed Payne was the only player who maintained a tolerable ball control and stove hard to overcome the underfoot handicap. It is probable that as neither side, particularly the Rangers, was at full strength the match was not as well contested as was generally anticipated.

THE TEAMS:

RANGER—Johnson, Wilson and Dawsan; Woodcock, Bloomer and Stone; Gardner, Payne Burns, Advans and Lemay.

DOCYARDS—Santiago; Malho and Dhankodi; Middlecoat, Sampeys and Huosein; Robertson, Alexander, Vickers, Bearley and McMurray.

REFREE—Utchil

Tuesday's match at 5-45 p.m. R.A.F. vs G.I.P.

WORLD CHAMPIONS TO MEET

International Wrestling Contest At Bangalore

BANGALORE, July 14. (U.P.A.): International wrestling contests featuring champion wrestlers from the Continent and the East are to be staged in Bangalore, it was learned today.

The contests will be held under the management of A. C. Belgard.

Well known champions such as King Kong, Zybisko, Harban Singh and Bakshi Singh are expected to participate in the contests.

BRITISH COMPETITORS IN OLYMPIC GAMES

Attempt To Get Extra Food Rations Defeated In Commons

LONDON, July 14. (Reuter): A renewed attempt to get extra food rations for competitors in next summer's Olypic games was defeated in the House of Commons today when Food Minister, John Strachey reaffirmed his recent statement that there could be no extra allowances, despite the fact that foreigners could bring their food with them.

Mr. Strachey pointed out, in reply to a question, that there was nothing to stop the British aspirants to Olympic honours from going into restaurants for their meals as often as they wished.

N. B. A. Underrates Baksi's Conqueror

Bruce Woodcock-Tandberg Fight In Next October

LONDON, July 14 (Reuter).—The officials of the National Boxing Association of America have decided that Olle Tandberg, Swedish Heavyweight Champion, deserves little or no more attention because of his sensational defeat of Joe Baski than he got before it. In their quarterly ranking list, the Association have left the place generally reserved for the "logical contender" vacant and Tandberg does not appear even in the list of four "outstanding boxers".

Those given this honourable mention are Joe Walcot, Baksi, Elmear Ray and Tami Mauriello.

General opinion since the fight in Sweden has tended to lessen Tandberg's victory. British promoter Jack Solomons, however, on his return from Sweden gave it as his opinion that Tandberg just about deserved the decision and that the Swede was a much better fighter than most people thought.

If the plans for a Tandberg-Louis world title fight do not materialise—and they do not seem like coming to anything—Tandberg is to meet Bruce Woodcock in London next October with Woodcock's European title at stake.

If Solomons is nearer the truth about Tandberg's ability than those who have played it down, Woodcock will have his work cut out to beat Baksi's conqueror. However, if the fight does take place, Woodcock must win if he is ever to rank again as a prominent contender for the world heavyweight crown.

Tandberg's stocks may not stand very high in American eyes but Woodcock's is lower still.

Evaluating the British Boxer's ability in a recent article, Jack Dempsey, former world champion, wrote: "Bruce Woodcock does not even rank with Tommy Farr who at one time went fifteen rounds with Joe Louis. I would not say he was as bad as Phil Scott, but he certainly does not rate as a contender for the world heavyweight title."

Obviously a defeat by Tandberg would thrust Woodcock so far down the ladder that the climb back to the position he held, before Baksi beat him decisively, would be a long and arduous task, if it were possible at all. On the other hand the fight would provide him with a great chance of rehabilitating himself in some measure.

The day on which he meets Tandberg will be a landmark in Woodcock's career and with his success or failure British prestige in heavyweight boxing will for the time being be raised or eclipsed.

Melville's great innings for S. Africa:

Alan Melville, South Africa's captain, created a record when, in scoring 117 in the second Test against England, he completed four consecutive Test centuries against one single country. He scored a century in the last Test in Durban in 1939 and followed this with a century in each innings of the first Test at Nottingham. Here he is seen making a typical stroke in the second Test.

Keen Matches In Men's Singles

Byculla Table—Tennis

BOMBAY, Monday.

In the dummy-quarter-final round of men's singles there were some keen and close finishes, in one such encounter Varde nosed out Abraham in the fifth game after a hard though a somewhat slow match. The final game was decided over the extra points and not until the last shot had crossed the net was any contestant certain of victory.

The Mistry-Sahadeo and the Alvores Kalewa ties also went into the fifth game before the Mistry and Alvores qualified for the quarter-finals.

But the most spectacular match of the evening was the encounter in which the Kapadia brothers got the better of Ezekial and Abraham in the third set.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES.

A. Ezekiel beat D. D Porecha 21—9, 21—13, 25—23; N. D. Mistry beat G. Sahadeo 21—16, 21—19, 18—21, 14—21, 21—5; L. Alvares beat V. D. Kalewar 16—21, 21—16, 18—21, 21—16, 21—19; N. Lavji beat A. B. S. Mani 21—2, 21—19, 21—2; P. S. Varde beat B. Abraham 15—21, 21—19, 19—21, 21—14, 23—21; D. H. Kapadia beat A. S. Amladi 21—12, 20—22, 21—12, 21—17; H. M. Khanchand beat D. N. Bhatkar 21—14, 15—21, 23—21, 21—19, A. H. Khan beat K. Satha 21—10, 21—12, 21—11.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Quarter-finals).

H. M. Khanchand and A. H. Khan beat R. P. Desai and G. Y. Bhandari 21—17, 21—17; P. S. Varde and N. B. Mistry beat J. S. Patkar and H. K. Mehta 21—19, 19—21, 21—12; U. M. Chandarane and R. N. Khatau beat K. N. Shan and S. V. Ashu 22—20, 21—17; K. H. Kapadia and D. H. Kapadia beat J. Ezekiel and B. Abraham 21—13, 20—22, 21—13.

Tuesday's matches commencing from 6 p.m.:—

Semi-finals of Ladies Singles, followed by quarter-finals of Men's Singles, followed by Semi-finals of Men's Doubles.

Baroda's "Diesel" On Air Trip To U. S.

LONDON, July 13 (Reuter).—The Mahaja Gaekwar of Baroda's four-year-old grey colt Diesel, by Loliondo out of Dynamite, was hoisted aboard a special Skymaster plane which had been sent from America for the purpose and flown to New York this evening ready to compete in a big race at Belmont Park track towards the end of the week.

It is expected that P. Khade, the Indian Jockey, will ride Diesel in the race, before Khade proceeds to India ready for the racing season there.

Diesel will be returned to England by the same plane after the race. He and his hooves disinfected before going aboard to a specially constructed stall and the only other cargo was his own fodder.

W. Gill, Groom, accompanied Diesel, Trainer Fred Armstrong was at the airport to see the thoroughbred off as was Mr. Aitken of the Empire City Racing Association, who has been largely responsible for the experiment, as the flight is intended to encourage owners in England to race their horses on American tracks.

ANOTHER SEASON OF TIGHT SUPPLIES OF AMERICAN COTTON

NEW YORK, July 11.

Prices sky-rocketed more than nine dollars a bale on a broad scale buying movement touched off by the lower than expected Government acreage estimate. On the basis of the acreage figures, cotton merchants foresee another season of tight supplies and high prices with the United States next year entering into relative scarcity after 17 peace time years of cotton surpluses. Additionally elimination of the half cent export subsidy is anticipated in order to conserve supplies for domestic requirements. On the other hand the belief also prevails that the Marshall Plan to aid Europe might increase foreign demand for American cotton Mill interests reported that inquiries for cotton goods are broadening and buyers, who heretofore were holding off, are expected to substantially increase orders extending into the first quarter of 1948. At the same time activity in the Southern spot markets is likely to pick up considerably as mills, merchants and shippers all scramble for supplies owing to a possible crop of only 11 million bushels.

BILL TO PREVENT BEGGARS' INFLUX

Bombay Govt. Move To Solve Social Problems

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Government's attitude towards the beggar problem of the city was clarified by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, addressing a women's meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council in the Y.W.C.A. hall this evening. Mrs. Mithan Lam, the Sheriff of Bombay presided.

The Minister emphasised that the solution of social problems like the beggar problem lay more with the people than with the Government. The initiative must come from the people. The utmost the Government could do was to give them every possible co-operation.

Mr. Desai thought it more desirable to strike deep at the root of the problem rather than treating it superficially. He believed that the cultivation of a spirit or self-reliance among children would go a long way in solving the beggar problem.

The Home Minister said that Government were seriously considering measures to prevent beggars coming to Bombay from the mofussils. A Bill to that effect may be introduced in the next session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, he said. He further revealed that sheds for beggars were being built at Chembur as substitutes for the three chawls at Worli that were diverted last year to some other purposes.

Referring to the beggars rounded up last year by the police under the Beggars' Act, the Minister said that it was impossible to get any remunerative work out of these arrested mendicants. The cost of their maintenance was far more than the product of their labour, and so the city public had to offer voluntary aid, otherwise there was every possibility of new taxes being imposed on them to meet the expenses. It was difficult to train the beggars in the new ways of civilized life. The Government at any rate proposed to teach arts and crafts to the able-bodied beggars and thus make them respectable wage-earning members of society.

Mrs. Lam emphasised that child beggars ought to be removed from the city.

UNITED KINGDOM TRADE PUBLICITY

The United Kingdom Publicity Office, New Delhi, with Regional Ocices established in Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Lahore, has strengthened its organization by the appointment of a Trade Information Officer to Bombay.

H. M. G. have appointed Mr. M. E. Chivers, a professional economist, as Trade Information Officer at Bombay and he recently arrived from London to take up his duties.

His functions are entirely distinct from those of H. M. Trade Commissioner and he is located at the Office of the U. K. High Commissioner, in Albert Building, Hornby Road; telephone 21702 (Trade Information Officer's personal line 32001/7)

DEATH OF PROF. D. K. RANE

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, July 14.

Prof. Daulatrao K. Rane, President of the Juhu Municipality, died at his residence last night after a short illness. He was the son of the late Mr. Krishnarao Rane, who was an eminent collector of antiquities and owned a private Museum at Juhu. After his father's death about five years ago, Prof. Daulatram was managing the Museum with conscientious ability and the Governor of Bombay used to visit the same once or twice during his term of office.

Prof. Rane was for many years a member of the Juhu Municipality and for the last two years was its president. He leaves behind him a son and a daughter and a host of friends to mourn his loss. The office of the Juhu Municipality was closed today as a mark of respect for the deceased.

Forgetful Fire Dept.

LOS ANGELES. (Reuter): The volunteer fire department of the village of Angeles Camp, California, rushed to Charles Kendall's blazing house, twenty strong.

The house was completely destroyed for the volunteer firemen had forgotten to bring the fire engine. Each fireman relied on the others to bring the engine and actually none did.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 12, 2003.
Muslim: Saban 25, 1366.
Parsi: Behman 15, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-09 a.m. Sunset: 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 09-57, 21-09. Lowtide: 02-52, 15-48.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

STONES—Sir Frederick Stones, O.B.E., M.L.C., J.P., Senior Director in India of E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., died on Saturday, 12th July, 1947, in a London Nursing Home after a short illness. Cremation Woking 11-30 a.m. Wednesday.

Today's Engagements

ALL-INDIA RADIO: Talk on "Old World Japan" will be broadcast by All-India Radio, Bombay, today (Tuesday).

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street, Dasturji Bode will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti Yasna Ha 33.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSN.: Annual meeting at 6 p.m. today (Tuesday) in St. Xavier's High School, Dhobi Talao.

ROTARY CLUB: Mr. G. P. Huthee-singh will speak on "U.S.A. and India", at Green's at 1-45 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

JELAL SHAH POOR STUDENTS' FUND: The amount up-to-date to the credit of the "Lt.-Col. Jelal M. Shah Poor Students' Fund" of the Grant Medical College, invested in 3 per cent Government Securities, is Rs. 71,000.

Dufferin Old Cadets Association

The 17th annual general meeting of the Dufferin Old Cadets Association was held in the Banqueting Room, Taj Mahal Hotel last Sunday at 6-30 p.m. Commander A. Chakravarty, R.I.N., presided. Among the resolutions was one urging the Government to evolve a scheme for the rapid expansion of the Merchant Navy in the light of suggestions outlined in the resolution.

TARIFF BOARD INQUIRIES

A Press Note on Tariff Board Inquiries states: The Indian Tariff Board will take oral evidence into Fire Hose and Belting Industries today (Tuesday) and on Steel Belt Lacing Industry on Thursday, July 17, in its Office at Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. The inquiry will commence at 11 a.m. each day.

CITY TO HAVE HEAVY SHOWERS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The weather prophet at Santa Cruz Observatory expects active monsoon in the whole of the Bombay Province, including Kathiawar, during the next two or three days. The city, they say, will have heavy showers of rain during this period.

During the last 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. to-day the Colaba Observatory recorded only one inch of rain. The total rainfall so far is 15 inches which is 17.2 inches below normal.

COLABA MURDER SUSPECT ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Monday.—The Colaba Police arrested Felix Louis on Saturday, who is suspected to have assaulted Dr. Rattanshah Meherwanji on the night of July 9 at his residence in Colaba. He expired at the G.T. Hospital.

It was stated that the complainant, the doctor, in his statement to the Police mentioned that he suspected the accused to be involved in the incident.

The accused had a quarrel with the deceased and went to his room just an hour before the incident.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be remanded into Police custody.

5,000 Workers On Strike

BOMBAY, Monday.

Five thousand and five hundred workers of the Century Mills at Parbadevi Road, Bombay, have gone on a strike since this morning.

The strike, it is said, is a sequel to one of the workers of the Mill named Gangaram Pamanya being arrested and externed from Bombay by the Police under the Public Safety Act.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, July 15.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Madhavrao Alkutkar. Colaba Time Signal at 8-45 a.m. 8-45 Amritlal Navsariwala (Vocal) 9-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal). 9-30 Close down.

12-0 p.m. Akashwanine Chotare 12-45 News (M), 12-50 News (G), 12-55 Pakke Gane (Records). 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E), 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music. 2-30 Close down.

4-20 p.m. School Broadcast 5-0 Madhavrao Alkutkar (Vocal) 5-15 Tulsidas Sharma (Vocal), 5-45 Topic of the day, 5-55 Local announcements and weather report. 6-0 News (E), 6-10 News (H), 6-15 W. K. Ranade (Vocal). 6-30 Yusuf Effendi. 6-45 Amritlal Navsariwala. 7-0 W. K. Ranade. 7-15 Madhavrao Alkutkar. 7-30 Pustak Parikshana. 7-45 Film Fare 8-0 News (M), 8-15 News (G), 8-30 "Shahi Baug". 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H), 9-30 B B C News Relay, 9-40 Programme Parade, 9-45 The Way We Learned. 10-0 Kenneth Wilson. 10-15 Chicago Symphony Orchestra. 10-20 Homi Kanga: (Violin). 10-40 Chicago Symphony Orchestra. 10-45 George Lester. 11-0 Close down.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 16-7-47:—Rainfall will be widespread and light to moderate in the Konkanpatti, Khandesh and the extreme north Mawal and local in Gujarat, east Kathiawar, west Mawal Desh, the Bombay Karnatak and the west Hyderabad State. A few light showers are also expected in west Kathiawar and the east Hyderabad State. Isolated heavy falls are likely in the south Konkanpatti.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—Rainfall will decrease in the Hyderabad State, Gujarat, Kathiawar and the north Bombay Deccan.

Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit was entertained to tea at the Secretariat by Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier on Sunday morning.

HANDED OUT NEWSPAPER AS CLOTH

Merchant Alleged To Have Been Duped To The Tune Of Rs. 15,000

BOMBAY, Monday.

Hukumsingh Harnamsingh and Dinkar Narayan were arrested by the Princess Street Police on Saturday on a charge of cheating to the tune of Rs. 15,000.

The complainant in this case is an export and import merchant and commission agent, having his office at Kalbadevi Road.

It was stated that on last Friday at about 2 p.m. accused No. 1 called at the complainant's office and represented himself as a broker in cloth. He informed the complainant that a merchant known to him had two bales of R-52 Satin Duck cloth, measuring 2,500 yards for sale. He promised to get them for Rs. 4-6 per yard. The collective price would come to about Rs. 15,000.

The complainant promised to take them if they were delivered at his office. The accused No. 1 agreed and returned on Saturday. He said that he had arranged for the delivery of the material and he would return within an hour. He asked the complainant to keep the money ready. The complainant accordingly kept Rs. 15,000 ready for payment.

Accused No. 1 returned within an hour with two people, one of whom he introduced as a broker and the other as the merchant possessing the cloth.

The office of the complainant is on the second floor. From there the same accused pointed out to accused No. 2 who was standing down with a hand cart loaded with two bales.

While the accused No. 2 was busy arranging for the bales to be taken up, accused No. 1 asked the complainant to pay the money to the merchant. The complainant gave Rs. 15,000 to the bogus merchant through the bogus broker. These two quietly walked out of the room on receipt of the money, while the complainant was busy opening one of the bales.

To his utter astonishment the complainant found the bale contained pressed newspaper sheets wrapped in white cloth. He did not open the second bundle as he knew he was duped.

He informed the Police.

Deputy Inspector Shaikh and Sub-Inspector Bhate who are investigating the case arrested accused No. 1 and 2.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be released on bail.

ALLEGATION OF MOLESTING FILM ACTRESS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sensational allegations of molestation at the point of knife after wrongful confinement in his office room, were made by a film actress against a producer manager of a film company of Bombay, who was arrested by the Lamington Road Police and subsequently released on bail.

Applying for extension of bail period of the accused, Chotalal Vithaldas Rajpopat, Producer Manager of Raj Theatres, the Police stated before Mr. Elias, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court to-day, that on Saturday afternoon Mrs. Iradevi Arun Maitra, the film actress in question, went to the office of the accused on the third floor of Reva Building, Proctor Road, with a view to obtain employment.

Finding that the accused was not there she waited for him. After an hour the accused accompanied by two of his friends came there and had a talk with Mrs. Iradevi regarding her employment. He then is alleged to have asked her to follow him to the inner room, as he wanted to have a private talk with her.

Mrs. Iradevi suspecting nothing wrong went into the room and as she was in, the accused is said to have bolted the door from inside. Mrs. Iradevi objected, but the accused paid no heed and according to her started taking liberties with her. She threatened that she would shout and raise an alarm, whereupon the accused is alleged to have at the point of a knife outraged her modesty.

The Magistrate granted the Police application and extended the bail period of the accused for a fortnight.

Alleged Misappropriation

BOMBAY, Monday.—For alleged misappropriation of a foreign money order for Rs. 224-4-0, a postal employee, Ibrahim Khatib was arrested by the Police this morning.

The accused, who was entrusted with the delivery of the money order is alleged to have forged the signature of the payee. He was placed before Mr. S. A. Huttea, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court this morning and released on bail.

Two City Grocers Sentenced

BOMBAY, Monday: Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court convicted Kuvaraj Bhimsi and Manji Kanji, both grocers, who were found guilty of possessing 734 pylees of rice, 2 bags of wheat and 2 bags of sugar without licence, each to six months' simple imprisonment.

The prosecution stated that on April 25 a motor lorry was stopped by the Police at Memonwada, Mohammedali Road, in which they found 20 bags of rice. The driver of the lorry, when questioned, made certain statement and took the Police to the room of the accused No. 2 at Bholwada. In that room were found 30 bags of rice, 2 bags of wheat and 2 bags of sugar. The accused No. 2 made a statement based on which accused No. 1 was arrested.

Sentenced For Receiving "Pugree"

BOMBAY, Monday: Dattatray Sitaram Binawalla, a 'mehta' looking after the property of Manajee Rajajee Trust, who was found guilty of receiving 'pugree' was convicted to six months' simple imprisonment by Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

It was stated by the prosecution that the accused received Rs. 100 as 'pugree' from Kumarayya Gangayya on March 6th '47 in consideration of giving the tenancy of a room.

Equally Significant For India And France

French Consul On Lessons of Revolution

BOMBAY, Monday.

The French Revolution Day Exhibition organised by the Bombay Renaissance Club was opened by the French Consul, Mons Berthelot, yesterday at the Cama Oriental Institute Hall.

Mr. J. B. H. Wadia, President of the Renaissance Club, welcoming Mons. Berthelot referred to the significance of the French Revolution and its positive achievements which, he said, had "gone down into the hearts of human beings instinctively, and the inspiring message of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity, had been accepted spontaneously." "It was for us to give a new orientation to our philosophy of life which would accept the dignity of the individual as one of its basic principle", he added.

Mons. Berthelot, speaking in French, said that the French Revolution, being a landmark in Man's struggle for freedom, had as much significance for India as it had for France, and the rest of the world. He congratulated the Bombay Renaissance Club on organising the Exhibition and wished it all success.

The Exhibition will continue upto the 18th.

BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE: Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 11th July 1947 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 169425.
Amount of Cheques: 45,92,63,467-7-6.

APPEAL that has Touched the Hearts PRAKASH PICTURE

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WIDESPREAD RAINFALL IN KONKAN

POONA, July 14, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Monday the 14th July 1947:—

Rainfall has been widespread in Berar, the Konkan and Malabar and local in Mysore, the Bombay Deccan, the Central Provinces, Gujarat, and the north-east India outside Bihar. Trere have been a few falls in the Kumaon Hills, east Rajputana, west Central India, the rest Deccan and along the north Madras coast.

FORECAST UNTIL 15TH EVENING:—Well distributed light to moderate rain will occur over the country outside south-east Madras and north-west India. A few showers are also likely in east Rajputana.

Weather Chart

POONA, July 14, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I.S.T.) on 14th July 1947:—

Ahmedabad 94 78 0.3 4.7 minus 4.1, Baroda nil, Belgaum 75 68 1.0 6.9 minus 8.3, Bhuj 101 81 0 0.3 minus 3.5, BOMBAY 79 77 1.1 15.0 minus 17.2, Calcutta 90 79 T 13.3 plus 1.2, Cherrapunji 70 64 2.9 188.5 plus 19.4, Delhi 101 85 0 0.2 minus 6.5, Honavar nil, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 72 0 7.4 plus 0.5, Hyderabad (Sd.) 112 82 0 0 minus 1.6, Karachi 87 79 0 0 minus 2.0, Khandwa 87 75 0.4 8.4 minus 1.4, Kodaikanal 58 53 T 9.1 plus 2.6, Madras 94 81 0 2.1 minus 1.3, Mahableshwar 65 63 2.5 34.7 minus 47.1 Mangalore 78 75 1.3 44.9 minus 12.0, Marmagao nil, Ootacamund 57 52 0.4 6.7 minus 2.8, Pachmarhi 84 73 0.7 21.8 plus 2.0, Poona 79 72 0.2 1.8 minus 5.5, Rajkot 97 79 1.3 3.4 minus 5.6, Sholapur 84 72 T 8.5 plus 2.2, Simla 72 59 1.2 7.9 minus 5.8, Srinagar 97 64 0 2.0 minus 0.3, Surat 89 79 0.1 3.5 minus 13.2.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations—entangling alliances with none".
—Jefferson.

The Bombay Chronicle

WELCOME ASSURANCE

Mr. M. A. Jinnah's statement as the Governor-General designate of Pakistan which he made at his press conference on the subject of the minority problem will, as it deserves to be widely welcomed. The spirit in which he spoke represents a pleasant departure from that of his usual pronouncements to which the country has so far been accustomed. As Governor-General, Mr. Jinnah said: "I am getting deeper and deeper into politics. I shall have to deal more with realities now". His statement is a welcome proof that he is already doing so. The wisdom and statesmanship of the attitude that he has adopted towards threats and counter-threats of retaliation is entitled to the appreciation and support of all. He refused to be influenced by or take notice of such threats. Cranks and wild men, Mr. Jinnah pointed out with unquestionable truth, are found in every society everywhere in the world. If this obvious truth and the obligations it implied were made the guide to conduct by responsible men on both sides the future could yet be looked forward to without much of the fears and worries that rightly burden the minds of sincere and thoughtful men.

The most welcome feature of Mr. Jinnah's statement is his positive and, so far as words can make them, categorical assurances to the minorities. The apprehensions of non-Muslims in Pakistan were, and are, not without justification. The very basis of Mr. Jinnah's demand for partition, "Muslim nationalism" itself gave rise to fears on the part of non-Muslims. And they were not allayed but increased by unrepudiated speeches and statements of men who could not be called irresponsible. Added to all this are the campaign of violence yet to die out and the activities and policy of, for instance, the Sind League Ministry. Non-Muslim minorities in Pakistan naturally wondered what their future was going to be. Mr. Jinnah, who speaks with unique and unchallenged authority, has given them a reassuring pledge in clear language. Here is the pledge which he emphasised to repeating: "The minorities, to whichever community they may belong, will be safeguarded. Their religion or their faith or belief will be protected in every way possible. Their life and property will be secure. There will be no interference of any kind with their freedom of worship. They will have their protection with regard to their religion, faith, their life, their property and their culture. They will be in all respects treated as citizens of Pakistan without any distinction of caste, colour, religion or creed". Words could not be more clear. Mr. Jinnah has pledged his unique position that Pakistan will be an entirely secular state where citizen will be equal in all respects to every other citizen be he Muslim, Hindu or Sikh, that is any citizen even though a non-Muslim, will, as we understand, be entitled to hold, for instance, the highest possible office or offices in Pakistan. Mr. Jinnah's words have, of course, yet to be implemented. But he has assured every one that he has said what he meant and meant what he said. India will accept his word and regard it as justification for the hope that it will be implemented. Lastly, Mr. Jinnah gave a word of advice to all minorities: "You cannot have a minority which is disloyal and plays the role of sabotaging the State. That minority, of course, becomes intolerable in any State. I advise the Hindus and the Muslims, I advise every citizen, to be loyal to his State". This is the call of high statesmanship, which cannot be improved upon. If it is followed, and it deserves to be followed, Mr. Jinnah's wish, shared by every Indian, for cordial and friendly relations between India and Pakistan, two parts of the same country and people, will materialise sooner than most expect and long for.

Spirit Of July 14

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, keen student of world revolutions that he is, has done a singularly appropriate thing in sending a message to Mon. Henri Roux, Charge D'Affaires of France, on the occasion of the French Independence Day. The French Revolution is a landmark in humanity's struggle for Freedom and as such it has as much significance for India, or to any freedom loving country for that matter, as to France herself. July 14, the day the dreaded Bastille was taken by storm by an angry crowd of Parisian revolutionaries, is observed by the French Republic as a National Day, the anniversary of their Freedom. As Pandit Nehru has phrased it felicitously, "as India approaches her freedom and Independence July 14 gains a new meaning for her people." India's struggle for freedom from the domination of Imperial Britain is but one facet of the human spirit striving for its freedom from every form of domination, as much as the French Revolution was another facet of the same struggle. For domination of every kind—the domination of a state or a church, a creed or a dogma or an idea; even the domination of one mind over another—is wrong in principle and ultimately harmful to all concerned. The French Revolution, as much in its philosophic and literary output as in its action on the field of battle and the legislative chamber, was a ringing challenge to the very idea of domination; a striking, forceful and dramatic reaffirmation of the freedom of the human spirit. It is just because France happened to be the home of this Revolution that any departure from its spirit on the part of France is to be regretted the more. And thinking of French Imperial politics in places like Indo-China and Madagascar, on July 14, makes one sad that France should have failed to imbibe fully the spirit of her own revolution.

Frankly Speaking

Time To End It

The Government of the United Provinces has given a commendable lead in ordering that all references to the caste of a person should be eliminated from Government records. The caste system may have had its uses in the past; but today it is merely a relic of the barbarous, inhuman, irreligious disease which afflicted Hindu social order. At any rate, there can be no dispute whatsoever that a person's caste is totally irrelevant in the transaction of public business. Today in every application form whether for a job or for admission to a school or college one has to provide not only unnecessary and irrelevant particulars about one's family history, but also mention one's religion, caste, sub-caste, sect and sub-sect to which the applicant belongs. Surely there is no need to know how a man prays to his God—if he prays at all—in order to give him a ration card. Nor is a man's performance in an examination to be decided on the basis of his father's full name and the sub-sect of the sub-caste into which he had the misfortune to be born. The evil is so obvious that it is unnecessary to labour the point further. We are aware, of course that certain jobs are given and scholarships or grants are awarded on the basis of a person belonging to certain backward communities. An exception will, perhaps have to be made in such cases; otherwise all references to religion and caste should be quickly eliminated from Government forms and records.

Sir C.P.'s New Tactics

A new phase seems to have started in Travancore affairs. Acts of violence and goondaism have begun to occur. The first incident reported was the stabbing of Mr. K. A. Mathew, president of the Thiruvalla Taluk Congress Committee, while addressing a meeting on July 8. There were reports of lathi charges and other incidents from Alleppey and other places. The last of the series so far reported comes from Trivandrum where one person died and 15 others received injuries on Sunday. According to the Agency reports, which cannot but reflect official bias, these incidents are the result of the difference of opinion between the State Congress and its followers and an allegedly large body of the state public who are or profess to be ardent champions of Travancore's Independence. Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai, president of the State Congress, has issued a long statement making serious allegations against Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer and has suggested that all this goondaism is "Government inspired". Without necessarily subscribing to the belief that Sir C.P. has fallen so low as to adopt such barbarous methods, one cannot help feeling that there is something suspicious about the "Travancore Independence League" of Nagercoil organised under an Anglo-Indian, although we do not deny the right of any Anglo-Indian, to be a Travancore patriot.

Beware The Result

But the attitude adopted by Sir C.P. Ramaswami Iyer, as openly expressed in his statement is reprehensible enough in all conscience. He holds out a dark threat that in a few days the independence of Travancore will be a fait accompli and thefore can no longer be a matter for advocacy or discussion. As far as attacks on the State Congress workers are concerned, he insists that no police will be present at such meetings. As a constitutional lawyer, he must be aware of the elementary principle that the recognition of the right of freedom imposes a duty on the Government to ensure that the right shall be exercised without interference or violation from others. But Sir C. P. has long ago cast away constitutionalism to the winds in the pursuit of the dangerous and perverse course he has chalked out for himself and unfortunately for Travancore, which finds itself for the moment under his domination. But we hope he will at least remember that every good cause thrives on repression and that such methods as he is using at present may recoil on himself. If he does not recognise that truth, we are quite confident that the people of Travancore will soon make him recognise it.

NEW POLITICAL PARTY MOVE

Forward Bloc Secretary's Disclaimer

CALCUTTA, July 14 (API.) Mr. Sheela Bhadra Yajee, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, in a statement says that the Forward Bloc is not a party to the formation of a new political party at a conference convened in Calcutta by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bsoe.

Mr. Yajee adds that Lalla Shanker Lal and Mr. Satya Ranjan Bakshi, members of the Forward Bloc, who moved the resolution regarding the formation of the new party at the Conference, have committed a breach of party discipline and their case is already before the Forward Bloc Executive.

NO CONFLICT WITH MACARTHUR

Echo Of Australian Minister's Visit To Japan

CANBERRA, July 14 (Reuter). Mr. Joseph B. Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, said today that all suggestions of conflict with General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander, Pacific, over the decisions to permit Japanese whaling and phosphate expeditions could be dismissed.

"We are not getting into rows about minor things with the people who gave wartime assistance to this country," Mr. Chifley said.

"We have our differences of opinion, but Australia owed to people like General MacArthur and Viscount Mountbatten much, both for Generalship and help since the war" he added.

Referring to the visit of Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, to Japan, Mr. Chifley said: "All Dr. Evatt is going to Japan for is to get the atmosphere in Japan not to quarrel with General MacArthur."

"Dr. Evatt is getting this atmosphere in readiness for the Canberra Conference (on the coming treaty with Japan) among Empire countries at the end of the month" Mr. Chifley said.

BHABHA PLEADS FOR ECONOMIC REALISM

"Planning For Future That You Can See Rather Than For Visions That You Dream"

BOMBAY, Monday: Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Member for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, addressing a Progressive Group meeting at the Greens this evening, called for the development of a sense of economic realism as a necessary counterpart to the quickly developing political realism for the solution of the basic economic problems now confronting the country.

Unless the moulders of the country's future economy bore this fact in mind, he was afraid that the people would not be able to make the best of the political opportunities that were opened out to them and all the future possibilities of economic advancement would be frittered away in the pursuit of slogans and phrases.

REALISTIC APPROACH

Explaining the implications of this realistic economic approach in the international plan, Mr. Bhabha strongly advocated India's closer economic collaboration with foreign countries to the mutual benefit of both the contracting parties. "In the first place this would imply the shedding of many historical memories and ancient animosities. Thus, we should not let our judgment on the future course of Indo-British economic relationships be influenced by what the factors or agents of the long-forgotten East India Company are alleged to have done to our skilled textile workers in a bygone age or by the history of cotton excise duties or by the subsequent currency or tariff policies of the Government of the day. In the second place, we should not let our existing handicaps or restrictions on our economic progress resulting from our late start in industrial development in a country colour our views on the future inter-relations that we desire to establish with the advanced countries of the West. Thirdly, in certain matters we should be prepared to enter into bilateral or multilateral economic arrangements in spite of the fact that it might cause us loss in one sector of our economy if we are to benefit in another or if there are some intangible benefits accuring to our national economy as a whole".

Mr. Bhabha continued: "Personally I think there are two important directions in which this close and direct economic collaboration with foreign countries in the industrial field will be a matter of increasing importance. First, the provision of technical ability of a high order and secondly the provision of technical organisation along with technical skill for the establishment of new and hazardous industries, in the development of our natural resources of water and power on a scale and in a manner hitherto unknown in this country. Provided the terms and conditions of such collaboration are settled to our reasonable satisfaction and mutual benefit, it will be unrealistic on our part to fight shy of foreign assistance in a field where such help can enable us to make rapid strides in industrialisation", he asserted.

INTERNAL ECONOMY

Referring to the internal and domestic economy, Mr. Bhabha said that realism consisted "in planning for the future that you can see rather than for the vision that you dream". In concrete terms economic realism in the domestic field meant in the first place, the prescription of economic and social targets to be reached within specified period; secondly, a pre-determined order of priority as between these various targets and thirdly, the establishment of the necessary organisation to achieve these targets within the limits of resources available in the country.

The fundamental and top priority problem that faced the country in the short period, Mr. Bhabha opined, was the problem of production and unless it received the priority it deserved, he foresaw a steady worsening of the country's economic position.

"We are still belogged with slogans and theories good enough for a leisurely refashioning of the economic basis of our society, but so irrelevent to the urgent problems of the day which must be solved in the course of the next two or three years. Economic realism must distinguish between the immediate and the distant", he concluded.

Our Readers' Views

Deterioration In Congress

Sir,—Many in India, feel more depressed and dejected, not so much by the freaks of nature, nor by the scarcity of food and cloth, which is the result of the collective folly of those who fought and won the war but destroyed the very sources on which the survivers would expect to live but by the disgraceful part that is being played in the public life of India by those who feel no shame in resorting to acts quite contrary to their professions. This is what is referred to by Shri Jaiprakash Narain at the Delhi Political Conference on 2nd July as "the deterioration in the Congress" over which Gandhiji was shedding tears. Does not Gandhiji's significant question as to whether many of those who called themselves Congressmen were true Congressmen and as to who was a true socialist point to the same deterioration in the Indian Socialists? If the two pronouncements made at the said Conference, one by Gandhiji to the effect that he called himself a socialist, and another by Shri Jaiprakash to the effect that Indian socialists and the true Gandhites were alike, prove that socialism of Jaiprakash's conception and of Gandhiji's conception are identical, it is a most heartening feature of the outcome of that Conference. There should, then, find no difficulty for those who are true Gandhites, if any, and those who are true socialists, if any, to join together and make a common cause in pushing ahead the true Gandhian principles among the common people and thus counteract the evil effects of the undesirable activities of those opportunists who choose to call themselves Congressmen of the true Gandhian type and who, out of their mere love of power, fame and wealth, try to exploit their position of wealth to secure power and fame for themselves and who exploit their position of power in the Congress to secure wealth for themselves by offering in exchange to the said wealthy the posts of honour. It is the hypocrisy and the intrigues of such persons that have defiled the atmosphere in India and have brought the name and the honour of the Congress into disrepute and contempt of the common people of India. If the Indian socialism of Jaiprakash's conception is much closer to Gandhism, why should Indian socialists adopt for themselves a separate distinctive label and not call themselves pure Gandhites? Is it any charm in the mere name? Why should they try to attract ignorant persons by holding before them a mere myth of a vague slogan? Is not the phraseology "Workers' and Peasants' raj" quite foreign to India? Why not instead base all your propaganda and practice on the only spiritual foundation of 'selfless' love' preached by Gandhiji, or of 'not doing to others what you wish others should not do to you' preached by Tolstoy and let a true socialist structure of society emerge, which may not be merely a 'workers' and peasants' raj' but it will be a raj of all common people who toil and struggle?—Yours etc.,

N. B. PANDLEKAR.

Govt. Subordinate Staff

Sir,—It seems Bombay Government have completely forgotten about the promise they made some time back regarding revision of pay scales of their subordinate staff. A month back it was stated in the Press that special staff has been engaged on this work but till now nothing has been heard about it. It is such dilatory and tardy actions that breed ill-feeling and discontent, and lot of trouble and strikes, going on in the city could have been easily avoided if our employers were little tactful and prompt in taking decisions and also sympathetic in understanding difficulties of their employees caused by high cost of living.

It is hoped, at this late hour Bombay Government will inform their worried subordinates, who are daily scanning many papers to know their fate whether the whole work of revision of pay scales has been shelved into the pigeon holes of the P. D. if not, what stage it has reached and when we may expect to know the final decision.—Yours etc.,

INTERESTED.

Barbers Threaten Mass Suicide

Protest Against Slanderous Movie In Shanghai

SHANGHAI, July 14. (U.P.A.): Chinese barbers suggested today that they might commit mass suicide unless the Government stops the exhibition of a movie which, they say, slanders barbers.

"If this film is allowed to be shown, posterity will not find any barbers to do them service', said handbills distributed by the barbers. They alluded to "razor suicide".

The Japanese-produced film portrays a barber who seduces a billionaire's mistress. The Shanghai hair-clippers said that this not only insults barbers but threatens the public morals.

A Government spokesman stepped into the dispute today but his attempts at mediation were not expected to help much.

PRIME TASK BEFORE NATION

Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Appeals To Put 'Home In Order'

BOMBAY, Monday.

A rousing reception was accorded to Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Ambassador-designate to Russia by sixty women organisations of the City at the Sundrabai Hall which was thronged by 3,500 women.

Lady Rama Rao, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Mrs. Patahally, Mrs. Mithan Lam, Sheriff of Bombay and Mrs. Tarabai Premchand paid glowing tribute to the first woman Ambassader of India.

Replying to the filicitations Mrs. Pandit said that the anti-imperialist struggle had ended. The Prime task before the country was to put the house in order. "We will have to remove all social disabilities that are hindering our progress" she averred.

She remarked that the people should prepare themselves so that the strength of their voice would shape the governmental policy.

Alluding to the division of India, she opined that if they wanted progress and peace in India they must create such atmosphere that the Muslims would come back. "We must heal the wound of the vivisection as soon as possible."

"In the age of science no nation can afford to remain isolated from the rest of the world". She added that free India should take her rightful place in the comity of the nations. A strong and powerful India will contribute to the peace and progress of the world. And if she is weak she will fail to play the role which the backward nations expect from her as the leader of the down trodden people of the world.

Mrs. Vijya Laxmi Pandit was accorded another reception by the Sheriff of Bombay Mrs. Mithan Lam at the Wellingdon Club in the evening.

"SIND OBSERVER" TO CHANGE HANDS?

KARACHI, July 14. (O.P.I.): It is reliably learnt that a Muslim financier from Bombay offers Rs. 3 lakhs for the premier Congress daily "The Sind Observer" excluding the building.

Directors are meeting today to consider the proposal.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"The Government therefore, wish to inform all persons who feel strongly on the question of independence of Travancore that it is no longer a matter for advocacy or discussion, because it will be a 'fait accompli' in a few days."
.. —Sir C P. RAMASWAMY AIYAR.

* * *

The "Manchester Guardian" fears that the partition of India will produce new controversies and damage India's chance of becoming a great power.

It isn't without justificaion that Sir Stanley Reed, M.P. described it as the fulfilment of British Rule in India.

* * *

Said Mr. Jinnah at his press conference: "The Governors-General are the chosen of the people and that is the reason why I have accepted the honour."

"Honour"? Well, that enables us to make a prediction or two about the future.

* * *

Giving a solemn assurance to minorities, Mr. Jinnah made it clear that "they will be in all respects treated as citizens of Pakistan without any distinction of caste, colour (sic) religion or creed."

Then what's the difference? The question may well be asked by some of his let-down lieutenants.

* * *

Asked about recent statements by some Congressmen threatening retaliation, Mr. Jinnah said: "It is no use picking up the statements of this man here and that man there. You must remember that in every society there are crooks, cranks and, what I call, mad people (laughter)...."

We wholeheartedly and emphatically agree. In every society there most certainly are crooks, cranks and mad people. In every society.

We wish this truth had been proclaimed sometime before.

* * *

Mr. Jinnah was asked: "When you say that States can either declare themselves independent or join either Constituent Assembly, is it the Princes or the people who assume sovereign status?"

The League leader referred to his own and Mr. Attlee's views regarding the first part of the question.

And, as to the second part of the question, he left the answer to the imagination, as it were.

* * *

Finally, Mr. Jinnah didn't know that he would resign the Presidentship of the Muslim League and added that, in fact, 'I am getting deeper and deeper into politics. I shall have to deal more with realities now."

We are very glad to know that.

* * *

Apropos of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan's challenge, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan says: "we are prepared to fight the general elections, not under the old set-up of 1935 but in accordance with the provisions of the new constitution to be framed by the Pakisan Constituent Assembly."

That is, in accordance with rules made, and administered, by "us".

India's Future Exchange Policy

Restrictions On Import Of Some Articles Envisaged

EXPIRING LICENSES TO BE REVALIDATED ON CERTAIN CONDITIONS

NEW DELHI, July 14. (A.P.I.): The need to make the best use of India's foreign exchange resources, which are likely to be extremely limited, and a substantial adverse balance of payments during the period April 1946 to January 1947 were some of the factors that led the Government of India to revise their import trade control policy. The new policy came into force on July 1, the beginning of the current licensing period.

Early this year, it became apparent that the liberal issue of import licences for commercial goods had substantially contributed to India's big adverse balance of trade. But to meet any adverse balance of trade with sterling areas, India could freely draw on her sterling balances; similarly, for trade with non-sterling areas, she had the right to operate the Dollar pool. The position, however, has since altered in view of H.M.G.'s obligations under the Anglo-American Loan Agreement to make sterling on current account freely convertible into any currency after July 15, 1947. India's future exchange resources will, therefore, consist of only what she realises from her exports plus what might be released from sterling balances. With multilateral convertibility of sterling the distinction between hard and soft currencies will largely disappear and all foreign currencies will be on an equal footing.

CLAIM FOR PRIORITY.

Clearly within India's resources, certain Government imports, such as food and railway equipment, claim priority. But after these have been met, the Government are prepared to licence commercial imports in such a way that the balance of payment is approximately in equilibrium, that is, the country is able to foot the bill from its current exchange resources.

Excluding imports for which no licence is required, that is goods brought in under open general licence, it is expected that licences to the value of Rs. 100 crores will be issued during the second half of 1947. This will include revalidated licences.

Announcing their new policy on May 16, the Government forthwith cancelled open general licences Numbers. One and Three, covering imports from Ceylon, Portuguese possessions in India and any country contiguous to India's land frontiers.

O. G. L. Number Seven, covering imports from the U. K. and other Empire countries excluding Canada, Newfoundland and South Africa, was also withdrawn. A new O. G. L. (Number Nine), in which the number of consumer and non-essential goods permitted to be brought into the country without licence was drastically cut, was simultaneously issued. Details of this O. G. L. were published in the Gazette of India (Extraordinary) dated May 16.

Apart from the licence free articles, the position now is as follows:—

(A) Articles such as foreign liquors, motor cars, fountain pens (complete), cigars, cigarettes, domestic refrigerators (complete), wireless reception instruments and apparatus etc., will not be licensed at all. Some of these articles, about 200 in number, have been coming into the country in very large quantities in recent months and consuming foreign exchange.

(B) Essential goods such as plant and machinery, on the other hand, will be licensed freely. (Lists of goods included in (a) and (b) are being published in the Gazette of India and the Indian Trade Journal.

(C) Articles which do not appear in either of these lists will be licensed up to certain monetary "ceilings". Import Trade Controllers have invited applications for licences up to July 15 and the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, will receive applications until July 25.

CONDITIONAL REVALIDATION

In order that the flow of trade may not be interrupted and that the commitments entered upon may be honoured, the licences which expired on July 30, 1947 are being revalidated provided they satisfy certain conditions. Fresh licences valid up to September 30, 1947 are also being issued for certain imports ordered under open general Licence Seven, provided they satisfy conditions which are similar to those governing revalidation of licences.

The number of applications for revalidation and for issue so far received is nearly 130,000 and it is hoped that all will have been disposed of before the end of July. For this purpose, the staff of the Chief Controller of Imports office has recently been strengthened and additional gazetted officers appointed. Even before this increase in staff, 40,000 applications for revalidation had been dealt with, and, greater dispatch is expected in the disposal of the remainder.

Revalidation up to December 31, 1947 has already been granted to such of the old licences which relate to articles now to be licensed freely. Others are being revalidated upto September 30 or until the letter of credits' date expires.

FUTURE IS THEIRS WHO LOVE AND LIVE FOR FREEDOM

Bevin Stresses Identity Of Anglo-French Objective In Bastille Day Message

PARIS, July 14, (Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary in a Bastille Day broadcast from Paris tonight said Britain and France were resolved that nothing should separate them. Much had divided the two countries in the part but there had always been an identity of policy aimed at resistence to tyranny and maintenance of freedom.

Mr. Bevin said: "I welcome this opportunity to speak to the French people on this their National Day—a day which has historic significance not only for France but also for the world. The gall of the Bastille and the French Revolution inaugurated a great period of freedom.

WATCHWORDS OF REVOLUTION

"Like all these events, it was misunderstood by many at the time and brought into play forces or opposition," Mr. Bevin continued.

"Some of the opposition was expressed in my country but equally there was a large number of thinkers and writers at that time who saw the significance of this great upheaval.

"The watchwords 'Liberty' equality and Fratenity' were to them and have proved to be to the world, not slogans but the expression of a great philosophy, a philosophy which was the culmination of the yearning that existed in the souls of men to be free of the thraldom of poverty both in mind and in body."

UNITY EVEN THOUGH DIVIDED

"Much divided our two countries in the days that have gone, yet all the time, particularly among the common people, there was a great desire to achieve the same objective," Mr. Bevin said. "this desire took different forms."

"Our development had been on different lines, and today those two lines which in spite of apparent differences were really leading in the same direction have now met. Our two countries have contributed much to civilisation.

"In every task we have instinctively followed and shaped our policies so that they would result in resistance to tyranny and enable us to reach the day when the people were free from exploitation.

"Our two policies have aimed at all times at maintaining that great freedom to lead our own lives as we pleased providing we do not interfere in the lives of our fellow men; to express ourselves freely to settle matters by reason and not by force; and to give to our peoples security.

"NOTHING SHALL SEPARATE US"

Mr. Bevin said: "The last two wars we have both had to go through have been a struggle against the attempt to impose tyranny upon the world. In those struggles we have concentrated our efforts on this great fight against tyranny. We in my country watched with the deepest admiration your heroic resistance to the occupiers.

"Now not merely in the signing of a Treaty, but in the very spirit that has developed our peoples and in our common effort to rebuild our countries after the ravages of war, we are consecrated to this high undertaking resolved that nothing shall separate us; that we will work together, not to dominate others, but to co-operate with everyone.

"To our friends in France I say: be of good cheer, the future is with those who love and live for freedom."

BEVIN TO BE BACK IN LONDON

The British Foreign Secretary was expected to be able to leave here for London on Tuesday or Wednesday in good time to attend the conference of the Transport and General Workers Union at Hastings on Thursday it was believed in British Conference circle here today.

If the present 16-Nation Conference on the economic reconstruction of Europe goes according to plan it was expected that delegation leaders would be able to hand over to the experts after Tuesday and allow the committees to get down to work.

Mr. Bevin would return to London at this stage, British sources said leaving Sir Oliver Franks in charge of the British delegation.

Leaguers Attend Consembly Session In Full Strength

Gupta's Point Of Order Against Their Entry Ruled Out

NEW DELHI, July 14, (API): The fourth and probably the last session of the Constituent Assembly before it converts itself into a dominion Parliament of India began at 10 a.m. today in an atmosphere of cordiality and good cheer. Muslim League members attended in full strength besides representatives from States. Members started arriving half an hour before the session began and Congress League and States representatives fraternised with each other.

Haji Ishaq Seth from Madras was the first to be called upon to sign the register. Before he proceeded to the table. Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta raised a point of order as to whether Mr. Ishaq Seth still subscribed to the two nation theory and if so whether he could take his seat. It was only fair, that in view of the partition having taken place any member who did not subscribe to the objectives resolution of the Assembly should not be permitted to sign the register. said Mr. Gupta.

LEAGUE MEMBERS CHEERED

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President held that there was no point of order raised and that any member who was elected in accordance with the procedure laid down was entitled to take his seat and could not be prevented from doing so.

The Muslim League members were cheered as they signed the register.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar was greeted with loud cheers as the Secretary. Mr. H. V. R. Iyengar, called upon him to sign the register. Dr. Ambedkar was elected to the House from Bengal, but after the partition he ceased to be a member and was re-elected to the Assembly from Bombay.

For over 40 minutes, the new members—80 of them—were trooping in one after another, signing the register and shaking hands with the President.

These included 37 representatives from the Indian States, including Mysore, Gwalior, Kotah, Alwar, Patiala, Cooch Behar, Sikkim, Tripura, Manipur and Khasi States, Rampur and Benares, the Rajputana States, Western India and Gujarat States, the Deccan States, the Eastern States and the Residuary States. Baroda sent a new representative to take the place of the member who was burnt to death in a railway accident while he was on his way to attend the Assembly at its last session. Udaipur and Jaipur also sent one additional representative each to the Assembly to fill up their quotas.

Out of the 28 Muslim League members from the Indian Union area, 23 took their seats to-day.

The other new members who signed the register today comprise those newly elected from West Bengal and East Punjab as a result of the acceptance of June 3 plan.

Prominent among the Muslim League members were Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman, Leader of the Muslim League Group in the Constituent Assembly, Begum Aizaz Rasool, Deputy Leader (the only Muslim woman in the Assembly), Mr. Ismail Chundrigar and Mr Mohammad Ismail Khan.

Prominent among the States' representatives were Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar from Mysore, Mr. M. S. Aney from the Deccan States, and the Prime Minister of Gwalior Mr. M. A. Srinivasan.

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Member in the Interim Government also took his seat.

PRESIDENT'S WELCOME

At the conclusion of the swearing in of the new members, the President Dr. Rajendra Prasad, welcomed them and expressed the hope that they would all work together to produce a constitution which would command the consent and approval of the people.

Many events, he continued, had occurred since the Assembly last met. The most important of these was the statement of June 3 resulting in the partition of the country There had also been changes in the membership of the Assembly following this. Furthermore, many representatives of the Indian States and members of the Muslim League who had hitherto abstained from taking part in the work of the Assembly had now joined.

Three committees, the Union and Provincial Constitution Committees. and the Union Powers Committee had submitted their reports and these would be taken into consideration during the current session. It was intended that a committee be set up to examine and present to the Assembly the final draft constitutions which would be drafted after the Assembly had examined the reports of the three Committees.

The President said that it was hoped that the minorities and tribal and excluded areas sub-committees of the Advisory Committee which had not yet submitted their reports would soon do so.

Concluding Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that he hoped that it would be possible to hold a session of the Constituent Assembly in October to consider the final draft constitutions. He wanted the work of the Assembly to be done as quickly as possible so that members of the Constituent Assembly who would also be members of the Legislative Assembly could devote their time to the consideration of many matters that were to come up before it from the last Legislative Assembly.

The sooner they were free of the work of constitution framing the more time they would have for the Legislative Assembly, and by November he hoped it would be possible for the Legislative Assembly to start its work.

The programme that he had outlined should not, however, be constructed to mean that he work of the Constituent Assembly could be done hurriedly or haphazardly.

PAKISTAN MEMBERS CAN'T SIT HERE

Mr. Sri Prakasa wanted to know whether certain members of the Constituent Assembly who had been elected but were no longer present in the House, had resigned or they had automatically ceased to be members of the Assembly following the statement of June3. As the Constituent Assembly was a sovereign body he wanted to know if the President had been consulted in the matter.

The President said that all parties had accepted the statement of June 3 and, therefore members from the seceding areas automatically ceased to have the right to sit in this Constituent Assembly .

HOLLOW UNITY

Mr. K. M. Munshi, moving consideration of the further report of the order of Business Committee, said that the fetters that were imposed upon the Constituent Assembly under the plan of May 16 had fallen The May 16 plan sought to maintain the unity of the country at all costs "a unity which many of us afterwards found to be miserably hollow and attended a unity which would not have lasted longer than the making of that unity."

Referring to the limitations imposed under the plan, Mr. Munshi said that very often the plan looked very like the bag invented by the ancient Romans for the punishment of criminals. Under the ancient Roman law, a man who had committed a very heinous crime used to be tied up in a bag with a monkey, a snake and cock and then drowned in the river.

OUT OF THE BAG AT LAST.

He felt that they had got out of the bag at last; they had no sections, no groups, no procedure as was envisaged by the plan, no double majority, no more provinces with residuary powers, no opting out, no revision after ten years and no longer only four categories of powers for the Centre.

They were now free to have a federation of their choice with a Centre as strong as they could make it subject of course to the fact that the Indian States had been invited voluntarily to associate themselves and concede to the Centre the four categories of powers and such further powers as they chose by agreement to concede.

"Therefore, I personally am not at all sorry that this change has taken place. We have now a homogeneous country, though our frontiers have shrunk—let us hope for the moment—and we now look forward to going on unhesitatingly towards our cherished goal of strength and independence."

Referring to the presence in the House for the first time of representatives of the Muslim League, Mr. Munshi said he had no doubt that they had come there as loyal and law-abiding citizens of India and that they would fully co-operate in the speedy drawing up the constitution of the Union, in which they would get an honoured place as a minority.

Mr. Munshi also appealed for the co-operation of the Princes and referred to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's recent statement on the subject.

NEED FOR SPEED IN FRAMING CONSTITUTION.

Stressing the need for speed in framing the constitution, Mr. Munshi said that things were moving so fast that they could not go on at the pace at which they had intended to go before. By August 15 they would be a Free and Independent Dominion. They wanted to terminate that stage as early as possible and have a constitution of their own which would give them the necessary strength.

They must not forget the fact that the Dominion Constitution had no place for States. As for the defects in the constitution that might creep in on account of the high pressure at which they were working there was provision for amending the Constitution much more easily in the first three years and that would meet the wishes of the House so far as necessary amendments were concerned.

COMPLETE WORK BY OCTOBER END.

The report reiterates the Committee's previous recommendation that the Assembly complete its work by the end of October and proposes that the Assembly authorise the President to summon a session some time in October, preferably in the early part of the month, for the purpose of considering the draft of the Constitution.

The report also suggests that the Advisory Committee on Fundamental Rights Minorities and the Administration of Tribal and Excluded Areas complete their work in August and the recommendations made by them incorporated by the draftsman in his bill notwithstanding any decisions which will by then have been taken on them by the Assembly. Any changes which are subsequently considered necessary could be incorporated in the draft bill by suitable amendments.

SANTHANAM'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. K. Santhanam moved an amendment the effect of which would be that the general principles to be adopted in drafting the constitution in relation to minorities would be approved by the House before they are incorporated in the draft. "If they are first incorporated in the draft constitution", said Mr. Santhanam, "we shall find ourselves very greatly handicapped in changing them."

LEAGUER'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmad (Muslim League) referred to Mr. Munshi's remarks on the participation of Muslim League members in the work of the House and said, "I should have thought that there would be no doubt that we have come here as loyal and law-abiding citizens of India. We have come here to take part in the deliberations and help frame the constitution as quickly as we can".

He submitted that some time should be given to enable them to study the previous debates and other relevant papers.

Mr. Dhulekar supporting the amendment said that in view of the changed conditions, the Constituent Assembly would have to revise some of its previous decisions.

Haji Ishaq Seth supporting the amendment said that copies of the reports should be made available to members sufficiently early to enable them to study them.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyengar disagreed with Mr. Munshi's remarks and asked how an advocate of "Akhand Hindustan" could now support the division of India. He did not like all that had happened but nevertheless reconciled himself to the position.

Maulvi Aziz Ahmed disagreed with Mr. Munshi's remarks and supported the amendment. The report on minorities rights should be discussed by the House before it was incorporated in the constitution.

Mr. S. H. Prater, Mr. Jaipal Singh, Mr. Mohd Sharif and Mr. B. Poker Sahib Bahadur supported the amendment.

NEHRU DEPLORES MUNSHI'S REMARKS.

Pandit Nehru, intervening in the debate, pointed out that there was no need for any debate because the House was only considering a time table for the next few months and if it was not possible to adhere to the schedule it could be altered. He deplored the fact that Mr. Munshi should have referred to subjects which had no bearing on the report.

The House adopted the report as amended.

The consideration of amendments to the rules of procedure, which was the main item on the agenda today, was postponed as a number of new members pointed out that they had not received copies of the rules. The President announced that they would be taken up tomorriw after the copies had been supplied to the members.

The Assembly passed a number of motions moved by the Chief Whip of the Congress Party for election of members to the Staff and Finance Committee, Credentials Committee, House Committee and the Steering Committee.

TWO VICE-PRESIDENTS

The House also passed Mr. Sinha's motion for election of two Vice-Presidents for the Assembly. Dr. Rajendra Prasad pointed out that under the original rules there were to be five Vice-Presidents—the Presidents of the three Sections—and two elected by the Assembly—the provisions regarding sections were no longer binding and so the Assembly would have to elect two Vice-Presidents.

At its previous sessions the Assembly had elected only one Vice-President, Mr. N. C. Mukerjee, but owing to the re-elections he had ceased to be the Vice-President although he had been re-elected to the Assembly.

AFTERNOON SESSIONS

The following press 'communique' has been issued by the Constituent Assembly Secretariat:—

From tomorrow, July 15 the Constituent Assembly will hold afternoon sessions and will sit from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

The Raja of Sandur has sent a telegram to the Flag Committee of the Constituent Assembly suggesting that colours of the Marathas should find a prominent place in the National Flag of India.

The All-India Maratha Educational Conference has also sent a similar telegram to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.

EASTERN PAKISTAN CAPITAL

Preparations For Governmental Transfer To Dacca In Full Swing

CALCUTTA, July 14 (API.) Arrangements for the transfer of the Eastern Pakistan Governmental Headquarters to Dacca are progressing. A transfer office to deal with all questions relating to the shifting of personnel and offices has been set up with Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Minister for Revenue, as Minister in charge and Mr. N. M. Khan as Secretary. Brigadier S. P. Cane has been appointed as Movement Officer attached to this office.

A programme has been drawn up on a provincial basis for the shifting of offices. It provides for the setting amongst others of the Eastern Pakistan Secretariat, High Court, Port-Master General's Office and Accountant-General's Office to Dacca, while other Directorates will be transferred to different districts of East Bengal. The programme is likely to be finalised in two or three days' time and movement will begin soon after, but not later than July 25.

Arrangements have been made at Dacca for the accommodation of about 350 Officers and 3,000 Ministerialist Staff, besides menials, at the initial stage. No arrangements have yet been made for the housing of families of officers.

The new Government will be functioning from Dacca on and from August 15. The date for the transfer of power to the two Dominions.

PATKAR ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. S. G. Patkar, General Secretary of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, was arrested this morning on charges of trespass and breaking Police Commissioner's order under Section 144 for, it is stated, having addressed a meeting of the Morarji Goculdas Mill workers.

He was released on bail

CALCUTTA NOT TO BE A "FREE PORT"

(Continued from Page 1)

that there was constant difficulty over one name for a geographical expression and a state.

One talked about America when one did not mean the whole of America and about Americans when one meant citizens of the United States.

With regard to the status of these two dominions, the names were not meant to make any difference between them.

There were two succession states, and both of them would be Dominions in the fullest sense of the term.

The clause that the two Independent Dominions should be known as India and Pakistan from August 15 was then agreed to.

FUTURE OF ANDAMANS.

When clause two dealing with territories of the new dominions was moved to stand part of the bill, Mr. R. A. Butler, Conservative, said the general division of India was clear, but it was not clear what was to be the position of the islands of Andaman and Nicobar.

These islands assumed certain importance in the present circumstances and not the least from the angle of defence. Had there been any question of their going to one part of India or another?

The House should also be told about the future of Berar which was at present administered under the Government of the Central Provinces, but which was under the sovereignty of the Nizam of Hyderabad.

Mr. Butler said it was important that the Indian States should individually be given the opportunity of seeking their salvation in their own way.

There was a strong case put from India that certain states desired to find the status of independence and have relations with the British Government and not with one or other of the divided parts of India, he declared.

Mr. Davis Rees-Williams, Labour, also felt that some consideration must be given to the question of the Andamans. What, he asked, were the view of the inhabitants?

In many ways, they would have best have been placed under the Malayan Government or even the Burma Government, He declared. The people to decide this question were the people of the islands themselves.

ANDAMAN ISLANDS FOR INDIA.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under-Secretary for India, replying to the discussion, reminded the Committee that it was in 1872 that the first Chief Commissioner was appointed by the then Government for the Andaman and Nicobar Islands and since that time, these islands had been recognised as part of the territories of India and had been administered by a Chief Commissioner.

Earl Winterton, Conservative, intervened to say that but for the presence of the British in India these islands would never have become part of India.

Mr. Henderson agreed that this was true. The position was that for the last 70 years, these islands had been recognised as forming part of British India. The population of the Andamans was 14,500 of whom 12,000 were Indians and 2,440 Burmans

Mr. Henderson was interrupted by Mr. Godfrey Nicholson, Conservative, when he said he was told there were no aboriginals in the Andamans.

What was passing to the New India were all these territories which immediately before the appointed day except those to be transferred to the New Pakistan, were under the sovereignty of the British Government. That included not only Andaman and Nicobar Islands but also the Laccadive Islands.

Referring to the position of the islands and their strategic importance, Mr. Henderson said: "we are well aware of the strategic importance of these Islands and this is one of the matters which we propose to discuss with the future Government of India in the general context of defence matters which will be a matter for discussion in due course."

On the question of Berar, the Under Secretary said that section 47 of the Government of India Act did in terms recognise the Sovereignty of the Nizam of Hyderabad. Berar would undoubtedly 'De Jure' revert to Hyderabad under the effect of clause seven, one-B, which terminated the last agreement.

This province of three or four million inhabitants was administered entirely by officials of the Government of India and the Central Provinces and Berar, and it would be quite impossible for any change to take place involving the handing over of the administrative machine.

Therefore, it would be obviously necessary for the Government of India to enter into discussions with the the Nizam either to continue the existing arrangement or to replace the present setup in the ligh of the legal position.

On the question whether it would be possible for provinces now forming part of India and Pakistan to secede if they so desired, Mr. Henderson said there was certainly nothing in the bill which in terms laid it down that it should be within the powers of provinces in the new dominions to secede.

How they worked out their own salvation in the future even in matter like that would be entirely for them and would depend on the constitution which their respective Constituent Assemblies drew up.

In answer to Sir Ralph Glyn, Conservative, Mr. Henderson said that any arrangement for the independence of Andaman and Nicobar Islands would have to be discussed between the various Governments of the British Commonwealth who were interested.

Mr. Henderson then moved an amendment to clause three replacing the words "awards of boundary commissions" by "the award of a boundary commission".

The amendment was agreed to without a division.

CALCUTTA AND EASTERN PAKISTAN

Speaking on clause three as a whole; Mr. Butler said this was a very important clause which referred for the first time in detail to the partition of Bengal.

He asked if any proposal had been put forward for an international or "imparial" port arrangement for Calcutta, so that Calcutta could offer facilities in all circumstances to the eastern trade of Bengal and that the raw jute might be sure of its processing in the west and the mills on the outskirts of Cacutta.

Mr. Butler added that he knew Mr. Henderson might not be able to give an immediate reply on this matter.

PROSPECTS OF CHITTAGONG

Regarding the possibility of the development of Chittagong Sir John Anderson said they should not blind themselves to the actual facts of the situation.

The river system of Bengal was connected with a network of minor waterways all giving access to the port of Calcutta. Chittagong was served by a narrow gauge railway not capable carrying very much traffic.

Any economic development on a considerable scale of the eastern portion of Pakistan must take a very long time.

"I am not taking sides", Sir John Anderson said, "but I hope that in the financial and economic adjustments that are made special consideration will be given to the backward countries of the portion of Bengal which will go into Pakistan and to the need for development."

CALCUTTA NOT A FREE PORT.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, replying to the discussion, said he agreed wholeheartedly with Sir John Anderson on the very difficult economic problems that would face both the new provinces in Bengal.

It was fair, he said, to remind the House of the views expressed in the port of the Indian Cabinet Mission last year when they said there was great doubt as to whether these partitioned areas of India would be viable. The existence of those problems to-day and for the future were well-known to those who had accepted responsibility—the national leaders in India as well as the provincial leaders and the representatives of the communities who had expressed themselves in favour of the partition of those two provinces.

"We can only express the hope and belief" Mr. Henderson said "that they will realise what is essential in the interests of both populations, Muslim and Hindu, the two Bengals and the two Punjabs, as to the need for co-operation if they are going to be able to emerge successfully from these difficulties".

TERMS OF REFERENCE.

Mr. Henderson said he admitted at once that the terms of reference of the Boundary Commissioners were not very precise and from that point of view, perhaps, not so satisfactory as they might be. But they had the merit of being based on the agreement of the Indian leaders of the major parties.

The function of the Commission was to demarcate boundaries between two parts on the basis of the ascertained contiguous majority areas of Muslims and non-Muslims. The Commission would also take account of other factors.

That surely must mean that the primary basis was to be whether the majority was Muslim or non-Muslim, but in certain cases there might be special factors which would justify departure from this principle.

These special factors were being allowed to take account of the circumstances of the Sikh community in the Punjab, so that the location of their religious shrines could be taken into account.

It was for the Commission to decide how much importance it should attach to any of these factors.

Mr. Hederson said that the British Government had not themselves given consideration to making Calcutta a free port. Calcutta was found within that section of the existing province of Bengal which contained a majority of Hindus.

TREATY OF 1823.

As to communications between Nepal and the outside world, it would be far better for such matters to be dealt with by mutual agreement than by inserting a provision in this Bill which could be altered by either of the new Dominions whose Constituent Assemblies would be sovereign bodies.

A treaty of 1823 provided for the free transit of goods through India to Nepal and they must not assume that either of the Dominions would wish to do other than carry out that Treaty.

The clause was unanimously agreed to.

On Clause 4, Mr. Butler (Conservative) said they could not but express deepest regret that the decision on the division of the Punjab was necessary. As Punjabi-born and knowing most of the district intimately he felt himself quite heartbroken by this decision.

Clause 4 was agreed to.

BUTLER'S PLEA FOR STATES.

Mr. Richard Butler, Conservative, referred to the question of the States affected under Clause 7. This he said was a matter which had so far not been satisfactorily regulated.

Mr. Butler said there might be more than one State which would desire to retain their independence and enter into relations with the British Government He could have wished that the assurances given by the Government had been more satisfactory.

POSITION OF STATES

It would naturally be convenient for many States to Join one or other of the two Dominions and the Conservative Party had no desire to take sides.

What were the consequences of the Government not having available any plan to meet the position? Did States that became independent become non-British? If they did not accede to either Dominion would they be outside the sterling area and could they then do what the liked with the dollars?

There were many other features of the matter which needed to be resolved. If the nationals of any State which desired to retain independence travelled abroad under what passport would they travel after August 16?

GOVT. REPLY

Sir Hartley Shawcross, the Attorney General replying to the discussion said as had been made clear by the Prime Minister and by the Cabinet Mission a year ago it was the hope of the British Government that all states would in due course find their appropriate places within one or other of the two new Dominions within the British Commonwealth.

"We hope," he continued "that no irrevocable decision to stay out will be taken prematurely. We realise that it is bound to be some time before the states have all the information before them to enable them to take a final decision and indeed the constitutions of the Dominions will have to provide for the accession of the states an define the terms on which the accession may take place. We believe that the future of the states inevitably lies in association with British India, with whose territories they are inexplicably interwined. But we regard the decision which the states have to take as being their decision and we do not intend to bring any pressure of any kind upon them.

RESERVATION OF MUNICIPAL SEATS FOR WOMEN

Jamnadas Mehta's Proposal Goes To Law Committee

BOMBAY, Monday.

Woman's capacity to represent her fellow citizens on the Bombay Municipal Corporation was rated high today by many city fathers when the debated a resolution asking that more women should be enabled to become Corporation members than at present.

Lively exchanges were witnessed before the resolution, sponsered by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, was referred to the Law Committee for its consideration.

NEED FOR WOMEN COUNCILLORS

Mr. Mehta, speaking on his motion said that the experience of 60 years of the working of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1888 showed that the election of women-councillor to the Corporation was "virtually impossible." Their presence in the Corporation was most desirable as they dealt more intimately with problems of the home, for the solution of which the Corporation existed. At present they could enter the Corporation only as members of particular parties.

Mr. B. M. Rathod moved that the resolution be referred to the Law Committee.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai asked why there should be special treatment for women when they could be elected to the Corporation on behalf of any party.

"Mr. Mohanlal Desai can afford to be unchivalrous because he still lives in the 17th century," remarked Mr. M. N. Talpade, contending that women should not come into the Corporation as "stooges' of parties but with their voices "unstilled."

The view that reservation of seats for women on the Corporation was not unreasonable since such a provision existed in the Provincial and Federal legislatures was expressed by Mr. N. C. Bharucha. He said that if they needed "more feminine element" in the Bombay Corporation, the only way was to encourage them by allotting them more seats than at present.

WHY MOB OLD MAN?

Mr. Dayabhai V. Patel said that to-day women did not ask for patronage but demanded equality. He referred to Mr. J. Mehta's allusion to a women's meeting where he (Mr. Mehta) was "mobbed" by angry women who asked questions regarding the representation of women on the Bombay Corporation and said: "I can't understand why these women should have preferred an old man like Mr. Mehta when there are younger men here like Mr. G. P. Huthee-singh and Mr. M. N. Talpade." (Laughter).

Provoked by this remark Mr. Jamnadas Mehta got up and addressing Mr. Dayabhai Patel as "a little, young man" rebuked him for speaking on the floor of the Corporation with such "shameful levity" about women.

"RASH AND UNDIGNIFIED."

"I strongly protest against the thoughtless, rash and thoroughly undignified statement made by Mr. Dayabhai Patel who has obviously forgotten that he is not speaking in his drawing room," he said amidst opposition cheers. "We cannot talk of women as if they were chattel and after 60 years of our civic experience, I challenge if there is one single Corporator here who can deny that there are more honest and intelligent women in this city to sit here and run the Municipality" (Cries of 'Hear', 'Hear' from the Opposition.)

The amendment was passed by a majority and the resolution was referred to the Law Committee.

A resolution moved by Mr. M. N. Talpade asking the Mayor to represent to the Government of Bombay the need for using "more useful means" for ending the riot scare in the city was declared as having "dropped out", after the deputy leader of the Congress Party moved an amendment asking that they "move on" to the next business.

VIJAYALAKSHMI WELCOMED.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit listened to the debate for a short while today. She was welcomed by the Mayor, Mr. A. P. Sabavalla, who in a short speech referred to her achievements and wished her success in her mission abroad. Mrs. Pandit expressed her thanks for the Mayor's sentiments.

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

The Kirkee Gymkhana meeting is likely to come in for a careful examination at high levels. I understand from Mr. Hoosein G. Khairaz that a letter from him will soon be on the way to the Home Member, Mr. Morarjee Desai, drawing attention to a number of incidents which are alleged to have occurred during the last two meetings and suggesting to the Home Member that before a license is given to this Gymkhana meeting next year, the Home Member must be satisfied with the stewards at this meeting and insisting that Government nominee should, in future, also supervise this Gymkhana meeting.

It appears that Mr. Hoosein Khairaz, who has had several runners at the last two meetings, was extremely dissatisfied with the stewards' attitude.

The names of the stewards include, Brigadier Maclean, Major Robertson, Trainer Talib, Trainer Bhedwar, Trainer Major Jadhav and Dr. Mody and two other army European officials.

The climax was reached last Saturday in the 7th race when the stewards arrogated to themselves the right to decide for an owner which of his several entries in a particular race should run, because the number of horses in that particular race exceeded the number allowed. On the same day, in a previous race, the stewards had allowed that rule to be broken.

This was pointed out to the stewards who would not yield.

Several other owners, including Mr. Osman Chotani, Mr. D. Pundole Mr. K. P. Umrigar, and gentlemen riders like Mr. Daulat (Mr. Hope), and Mr. D. Chinoy have apparently all had words with the stewards at the last meeting.

There also appears to have been some violation at the meeting itself, on the previous Saturday, of the prohibition law, of which the Home Member is likely to take a very ugly view.

This whole matter is likely to attract wide interest in racing and political circles. I pass on to my friends, Mr. A.P.S. Talyarkhan and the editor of Blitz, the tip to keep on the alert for material which may be of interest to them.

I think it would be in the general interest if Mr. Khairaz releases to the press the correspondence between him and the Home Member.

Prince Abdullah On His U.S. Missions

NEW YORK, July 14 (Reuter). Prince Abdullah Sief Al Islam, son of the Imam of Yemen in South Arabia, arrived today at La Guardia airport on his way to Washington.

The Prince, who has been invited by the State Department to make a tour of the United States, told "Reuter" that he hoped to establish the best possible relations between his country and the United States.

Prince Abdullah was accompanied by Said Hassan Ibrahim, Under-Secretary of State for Yemen and El Cadi Muhammed Es Amri, son of the Prime Minister of Yemen.

Sir Vijaya Renounces Knighthood

NEW DELHI, July 14, (API.) The Maharajkumar of Vizianagaram, Sir Vijaya Anand, has renounced his knighthood.

R

HAVE YOU OBTAINED THE NECESSARY DECLARATION FORMS AND HAVE YOU GOT THEM READY DULY FILLED IN

IF NOT DO SO NOW

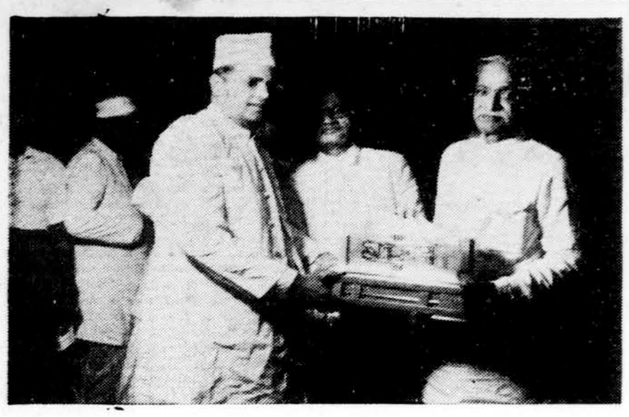
REMEMBER if your Foodgrains Ration Cards are registered at any ration shop in A, B, C, D, E(East) and F(South) Wards of the City you will not be able to draw your rations after July 20, 1947 unless you tender the necessary declaration forms duly filled in at your ration shop from July 20 to July 27 and have the ration cards stamped. And if your ration cards are registered at ration shops in E (West) F (North) G South) and G(North) Wards of Bombay City and at ration shops in Suburbs you must tender the declaration forms duly filled in along with all other documents and ration cards of foodgrains, sugar, kerosene, cloth, etc. from July 27 to August 2, 1947 and have your ration cards stamped.

For persons registered at ration shops of industrial concerns and large organisations the period for tendering declarations will be in August, 1947.

Tender the declaration forms on the usual day you draw your rations but remember to submit along with the declaration forms all the relevant documents, ration cards of foodgrains, sugar, kerosene, cloth, etc. held by the family.

If any members of the family whose names are entered in the declaration form are temporarily absent and whose ration cards are deposited, the deposit receipt should be produced for being stamped.

(4419)



The Patidars of Bombay presented an address of welcome to Durbar Gopaldas at a reception arranged at Mafatlal Baug on Sunday.

A view of the gathering that was present at the Women's University Convocation at Sunderbai Hall on Saturday when Mrs. Pandit (right) delivered her address.

An exhibition was held on Saturday in the Cama Oriental Hall to celebrate the "French Revolution Day." Picture shows the French Consul looking at some of the pictures.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit addressing members of the Congress Sevika Dal at the Congress House on Sunday morning when she was given a rousing reception by the Dal.

Dutch Will Use Force To Settle Differences

Minister For Overseas Makes Statement In Netherlands Parliament

BATAVIA, July 14 (Reuter): The Dutch "intend to use force" to settle their differences with the Indonesian Republican Government, Mr. M. Soekiadi, the Indonesian Minister of Information, said in Jogjakarta, the Republican Capital, last night.

He put this interpretation on a statement made by Dr. Louis Beel, the Dutch Premier, in the Netherlands Parliament.

Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin, the Republican Premier, said in an interview before leaving Jagjagarta for Batavia last night that the recent speeches by Doctor Louis Beel, M. Jan Jonkman, the Dutch Minister for Overseas Territories, and Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, the Dutch Lieutenant Governor-General for the Netherlands East Indies, indicated violation of the Linggadjati Agreement to set up a United States of Indonesia.

Dr. Sjarifuddin is coming to Batavia in a last attempt to settle the problems preventing the establishment of an Interim Federal Government for all Indonesia.

Dr. Beel in his speech in the Lower House at the Hague, said that "proper means of enforcement must be available" for ultimate Dutch responsibility in the interim period, and that this was insufficiently recognized by the Republicans.

Mr. Jonnkman said in the same debate that the Dutch Government "was and is prepared, if there is no other way, to make use of extreme force to "convince the other party that the Dutch Government is serious in its desire to bear responsibility"

EGYPT'S APPEAL TO UNO

NEW YORK, July 14. (A. P. A.): "The New York Times" editorially today described Egypt's appeal to the United Nations to settle her dispute with Britain over control of the Sudan as one of the knottiest problems the Security Council has been asked to solve.

"Both nations see their national safety at stake and are in head-on deadlock.

"The feverish rise of nationalism in Egypt, moreover, has made it practically impossible for any Egyptian Government to demand less of Britain in the present dispute than unconditional surrender."

MARSEILLES, July 14 (Reuter): A British warship was reported to be cruising near the French Mediterranean port of Sete when more than 4,000 Jewish immigrants left yesterday in a steamship officially stated to be bound for Colombia.

British officials here suggested the Essel's destination might be Palestine.

NOTHING RELIEVED HER RHEUMATISM Until She Started A Course Of Kruschen

FEELS A DIFFERENT WOMAN NOW.

She thought we would like to know what Kruschen had done for her. And we think that other rheumatic sufferers would like to know it too, so her letter is published below:—

"I thought you would like to know what Kruschen has done for me. I am a great sufferer with rheumatism, and have tried all sorts of cures, some most expensive, but I can honestly say that Kruschen is the only thing that has given me any relief at all. For months I could hardly move about, but after a course of Kruschen I feel a different woman. I shall tell all my friends about what it has done for me."—(Mrs.) A. A.

The first step in the treatment of rheumatism is to keep the bowels open, and the kidneys well flushed. Kruschen does that in the simplest, safest way, because it has a two-fold action—laxative and duretic as well.

Harmful acids and poisons are washed away through the kidneys. The bowels are gently encouraged to work naturally and regularly. The result is an end to rheumatic pains and a feeling of renewed vigour and youthfulness. Start taking Kruschen to-day. You will feel a wonderful difference after the first few doses. All chemists and dealers sell Kruschen in Re. 1/10 bottles.

Critical Stage In Sudan's History

Rly. Workers Down Tools In Support Of Egypt

KHARTOUN, (Sudan), July 13 (Reuter): Emergency precautionary measures were taken by the Sudan Government to-day when it was reported from Atbara, headquarters of the Sudan's Government-run railways, that mechanical workers had downed tools and a disturbance had occurred.

Atbara is a stronghold of the Ashigga Party, which supports Egypt's case, just presented to the United Nations, for unity of the Nile Valley and evacuation of British troops from the Sudan.

While the stated cause of the strike was non-agreement over the formation of a workers' protective committee, it was reported here that an additional cause might be the workers economic position and political feelings.

Following the presentation of Egypt's case to the United Nations, the political situation here has become tense and many observers consider that the Sudan is now entering the most difficult period of her history.

Egypt is carrying out a heavy propaganda campaign against the Sudan Government—the administration of British, Sudanese and other officials which runs the country under its present Anglo-Egyptian condominium status.

The latest effort in this was reported to-day to be the refusal to print a Sudan Government magazine in Cairo on the alleged grounds that it contained biased propaganda favourable to the Sudan Government.

Anglo-Indians Suspicious Of Anthony

CALCUTTA, July 14. (A.P.I.).

A meeting of Anglo-Indians, organised by the Anglo-Indian League, held during the weekend, adopted a resolution viewing with suspicion the assurances given by Mr Frank Anthony and Bengal Anglo-Indian M.L.A.'s of just and considerate treatment of the Anglo-Indian community by the Congress.

It added that Anglo-Indians would do well to throw in their lot with Muslims, form alliances and work for the aims and objects of Pakistan in mutual cooperation.

Mr. Dignum, President of the Anglo-Indian League, presided over the meeting, which was held in the Islamia College Hall.

By another resolution the meeting offered sincere felicitations to Mr. M. A. Jinnah on his appointment as Governor-General of Pakistan.

THE COMMUNAL RIOTS ARE FRAUGHT WITH DANGERS OF YOUR LIFE

The Single Payment Fatal Accident Policy

OF

THE SWADESHI BIMA CO., LTD.

WILL COME TO YOUR RESCUE.

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MAXIMUM RISK COVERED ON ONE SINGLE LIFE IS RS. 10,000/-.

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Pt. GOVIND PRASAD CHATURVEDI General Manager.

NEW PHASE OF STRUGGLE IN SOUTH AFRICA

Passive Resistance Council's Call To Indian People

JOHANNESBURG, July 13 (Reuter): Indian people of South Africa called upon today by the Passive Resistance Council of Transvaal and Natal Indian Congress to prepare for a "new phase of struggle which is about to commence in Transvaal"

The call was made after a meeting of the Council to consider the action of the Union Government in prosecuting Indians occupying properties in Heidelberg, Klerksdrop Johannesburg and other centres where, under the Asiatic Land Tenure Act, Indians are prohibited such occupation.

The Council said an announcement would be made shortly for "the date of commencement of this non-violent battle in the struggle for human rights".

CONGRATULATION TO MRS. PANDIT

JOHANNESBURG, July 13 (Reuter): The Passive Resistance Council of the Transvaal and Natal Indian Congresses today sent a cable of congratulations to Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit on her appointment as Ambassador to the Soviet Union. The cable said it hoped that despite her onerous duties as India's Ambassador to bring about closer co-operation and understanding between two great freedom-loving peoples, she still will be in a position to be present at the next session of the United Nations to conclude successfully India's case against the Union Government on the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

MANY KILLED IN SYRIAN ELECTION CLASH

DAMASCUS, July 14, (Reuter): Many people are reported to have been killed and wounded in Damascus, the capital, and other parts of Syria following tension arising out of the Syrian elections held last Monday.

In the Druze frontier area, where elections are due to take place on Thursday, a "grave situation" is reported between two tribes in the region.

Two people were reported killed and many injured during Syria's first Parliamentary election by adult suffrage last Monday, when the electoral division appeared to be between religion and politics—Muslim candidates on the one hand and Governmental or Progressive Party candidates on the other.

Jewish Clerk Kidnapped

JERUSALEM, July 14 (Reuter): Abraham Weinberg, the Jewish clerk who was with the two British non-Commission officers when they were kidnapped by the Jewish terrorist last Friday night has himself been kidnapped by the Jewish Resistance movement Haganah according to a Jewish report to-day, from Nathanya, diamond town between Tel Aviv and Haifa, where the non-Commissioned officers were seized.

Jewish sources said that Weinberg had been kidnapped for his own protection.

Poland's Loan Prospects Dim

WARSAW, July 13, (I. P. A.): It is admitted in official quarters that Poland by refusing to go to Paris would be compelled to alter and slow down her Three-Year Plan. Her hope to 20 per cent. of foreign loan contribution towards the realisation of the plan now appear to be slender and although the International Bank Fact Finding Mission which came here few days ago to study conditions is not expected to interrupt work here, chances of Poland's obtaining 150 million pounds reconstrurtion loan she applied for have considerably diminished.

Stepping Up Textile Production

Rajaji Calls Conference Of Provincial Ministers

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 13

Industries Member Rajagopalachari has called a conference of provincial ministers to meet here on July 29 to discuss and approve Government of India's revised textile control policy. This policy is based on the recommendations of the 'ad hoc' Committee appointed earlier to step up cloth production.

The Committee, it is learned, "has recommended the introduction of three shifts system. It also produced a plan for standardisation.

The Committee, furthermore, has accepted millowners' demand for increase in the price of coarse cloth.

It is interesting to note, in this connection, that the caretakers Government which preceded Nehru's Government had turned down the demand of millowners for increase in price of coarse cloth.

END OF TATANAGAR STRIKE

JAMSHEDPUR, July 13 (API).—The strike of nearly 2,000 boilermakers of the Tata Engineering and Locomotive Company at Tatanagar has terminated. The old grades of pay have been revised and other grievances will be attended to. Details of the new grades and other facilities to the workers will be discussed between Union representatives and Sir Jehangir Ghandy, the Resident Director.

The strike began on June 2.

AUSTRIAN GOVT. NOT MOVING FROM VIENNA

Minister For Interior Warns Public Against Rumours

VIENNA, July 13 (Reuter): Austria is "threatened with being drawn unwillingly into a malestrom of conflicting interests" Herr Helmer, Austrian Minister for the Interior said to-day.

He told a Socialist Conference at Horn, South Austria, that Austria had hoped all the great powers would take part in the Paris Conference "but the Soviet Union went on its own way and the States under Soviet influence refused the invitation."

This refusal had made the opposition between East and West even more obvious and the problem for Austria to secure a State treaty even more difficult.

The Austrian Government did not wish to bind Austria politically to the East or to the West, but wished to accept every help offered for the rebuilding of the country.

Herr Helmer warned the people against believing rumours that the Austrian Government was preparing to move from Vienna to Salzburg (in the United States zone). Such rumours were spread by people wishing to profit from the uncertainty and fear thus created, he said.

Rama Rao On Way To Tokyo

CALCUTTA, July 14 (U.P.I.) Sir B. Rama Rao, Government of India's political representative with the rank of Ambassador accredited to the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers in the Pacific, who arrived here from New Delhi yesterday on his way to Japan, is leaving for Tokyo by air. He will be accompanied by his daughter, Lady Rama Rao who is the President of the All-India Women's Conference will proceed to Japan in a few months' time.

Sir Rama Rao's headquarters will be in Tokyo and one of his duties will be assist Indian traders and manufacturers to revive business with Japan.

Elephant Hearts Are Short In Supply

JOHANNESBURG, July 12 (A.P.A.) Elephant hearts are short in supply. One must deal with the black market to get locust legs. However cuttle-fish powder and seal blubber, considered excellent remedies for bleeding noses, are plentiful.

That is a report by wholesale dealers in South Africa's native medicines. Their average business day yields them each amounts up to 300 pounds (about Rs. 3,600)—but they say they now are faced by postwar shortages in many ingredients. Like elephant hearts, otter hairs also are hard to get to-day.

Elephant hearts when grated, burnt and inhaled before retiring are reputed to assure sleepers they will have no nightmares. Locust legs—considered essential in the brewing of the best native beer—once sold for four pence (about 4 annas) a tin, but to-day they are sold only on the black market at much above the controlled price.

However, one still can buy 50 different kinds of wild animal fat at two shillings nine pence (about Rs. 1/12) a bottle. Some 800 herbal remedies also are available. Hippopotamus' fat is the most popular, followed by the fats of the crocodile, python, lizard and whale.

Powdered snake bones are considered a sure cure for backaches. But there are no native remedies for tuberculosis and diabetes. They are considered white man's diseases.

All wholesale houses hire qualified analytical chemists to make sure that none of the medicines sold are poisonous.

Professor Had His Pen Back But Wallet Had Vanished

CAIRO, (Reuter).

Strange things happen when the innocent are abroad in Cairo. Some time ago newspaper readers rocked with laughter as they read about a man from the country who bought a tramcar and only discovered his mistake when the "sellers" had helped him aboard and he started collecting fares.

More recently there was the reported case of a man who wishing to invest some money was persuaded to buy a warehouseful of ice blocks cheaply in the winter in the hope that when summer came he would sell them at a substantial profit!

Now Cairenes are laughing at another tramcar incident. A professor at Fuad el Awal University, and former Dean of one of its faculties, was travelling first-class on one of the city's trams. He saw a pedlar looking at him and didn't like the look.

Just then the professor discovered that his fountain-pen was missing. He suspected the pedlar, caught him by the neck, and accused him of the theft. The pedlar denied the accusation though the Professor insisted in his charge.

While the argument was proceeding a man boarded the tarmcar, went over to the pedlar slapped his face, searched him, and found the missing fountain-pen. Handing the pen to the Professor, the man advised him to be tolerant and not hand the pedlar over to the Police.

The grateful professor consented and the cringing, crying pedlar bent down and kissed his hand in gratitude.

Some time later the Professor again had an uneasy feeling and searched his pockets. His fountain-pen was there all right, but his wallet had vanished. So, meantime, had the pedlar and his accomplice.

Giant's Skeleton Found

ROME, (Reuter)

Bones said to belong to a race of giants have been discovered during excavation works at the parish church of Nago near Trento, according to the Venice correspondent of the Rome Messaggero.

The skeletons averaged about 6 ft. 3 in. to 6 ft. 4 in.

World Bread Grain Stocks

OTTAWA, (Reuter). World bread grain stocks are expected to reach a generally low ebb during the next few weeks, according to forecasts by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

In a review of the world wheat situation, the Bureau stated that the present situation is in many respects similar to that this time last year when exporting countries were making every effort to avert famine in the war-torn areas of Europe and Asia.

"The pressure on supplies cannot be greatly relieved until new United States wheat reached the deficit areas, although some relief might be afforded. Argentine were able to step up the currently low rate of shipment," it added.

The international emergency food council reported that grain stocks of the importing nations now are lower than they were at this time last year. Reductions in the bread rations of some countries have already occurred and further cuts are probably in Sweden, Denmark and Czechoslovakia.

The Council has calculated the cereal imports of 8,000,000 tons between now and September will be required to maintain rations at last winter's level—after taking into account the arrival of the new harvest in many areas and with no allowance made for the accumulation of operating stocks. The council believes that the 8,000,000 tons figure is backed up by effective demand—while there are only 7,500,000 tons of available exportable supplies in sight.

Both the United States and Canada are again working against time to meet their overseas commitments.

Editors' Executive On 'Deshabhimani' Case

NEW DELHI, July 13, (A. P. I.): The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference at its meeting on Saturday considered the case of 'Deshabhimani' a Communist daily of Calicut, which has gone out of publication recently owing to the forfeiture of its security deposit.

A fresh application under the Press Emergency Powers Act for permission to re-start the paper has not yet been granted.

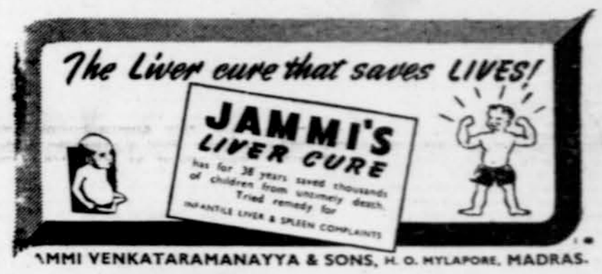
The Madras Provincial Press Advisory Committee at its meeting on July 4 passed a resolution requesting the Government to grant the application.

The Standing Committee decided to await the result of the efforts of the provincial Press Advisory Committee.

Transport difficulties experienced in Canada earlier in the year have eased considerably and clearances of wheat and flour during the weeks ended May 16 and May 23 was more than 6,000,000 bushels a week.

Exports of Canadian wheat and flour in terms of wheat amounted to approximately 15,300,000 mushels during March, bringing the total for the first nine months of the year to 135,900,000 bushels against 283,200,000 last year.

An estimated 139,800,000 cushels remained for export on carryover at the end of the crop year on May 1st as compared with 126,400,000 on the same date last year. Since May 1st the rate of export has increased substantially.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THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LD.

MANAGING AGENTS:

BURN & CO.

12, MISSION ROW, CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES: Lahore, New Delhi, Bombay & Cawnpore.

Bombay Office:— BURN & CO. Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay 1. (P.O. Box 276).

Scattered Mixed Trading On Stock Exchange

COTTON PRICES DECLINE ON INCREASED SELLING

Silver Drops On Persistent Unloading

Bombay, July 14.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady to-day with restricted business resulting in narrow price changes. Leading shares failed to attract the attention as professionals were interested in Scindia shares which spurted to-day.

As pointed out before the market is inclined to await dividends on Tata Steel shares. The Government of India favours increase in textile production but provincial Governments have their own problems of shortage of food. Anyway the proposed increase in the price of coarse cloth when comes into force, some increase in production cannot be ruled out.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened today at Rs. 2092 and advanced at Rs. 2107 under moderate buying but reacted at the opening level under scattered realising. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 408 and advanced at Rs. 410 but came back at Rs. 408. In Mill shares there was increased realising by recent buyers. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1202 and quietened at Rs. 1190. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 687 and declined at Rs. 672. Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 671 while Simplex shares opened at Rs. 371 and steadied at Rs. 370. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 34 and after improving at Rs. 35 steadied at Rs. 34/8 while Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 99/8.

Towards the close there was slightly improved buying. Tata Steel Defds were done at Rs. 2100 and Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 409. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1196 while Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 677. Scindias again rallied at Rs. 35/2 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 517 while Associated Cements were done at Rs. 179. Tone of the market was steady.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1200 Kohinoor 678 Swadeshi 675 Nagpur 348 Simplex 370 New Great 425 Gokak 360 Indore 637/8 Century 982/8 Colaba 265 I. Bleaching 158 Swan 364 Finlay 328 Morarji 612/8 Edward 735 Meyer 238/12 Apollo 4/10/6 I U Ordinary 17/4 I U Defd 3/6 Madhusudan 305 Podar 358/12 Khatau 322/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 410 Tata Steel Defd 2110 Second 168

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 179

INDUSTRIES

Burma 518/12 Bellapur 278 Shivrajpur 40 Scindia 35 Construction 216 Tata Chemical 15 Tata Oil 73 Indian Iron 36/3 Bengal Steel 29/5

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 116/12 Tata Hydro 180 Andhra 1625 Power 1760

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 94 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 160/24 David 155 New City 227/8 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 605 Bharucha (Dfd.) 6/12 Bharat 55 Mysore 261/8 Madhavji 17 Model 198/12 Laxmi 1615 Vishnu 635 Western 3600 Standard 505 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 17/8 Hindustan 4125 Tata 84/4 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 7/8 New Union 17/8 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 253/12 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 74.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 158/12 (New) 116/4 Surat 243/12 New Prem. 171/4 Karachi 145 Ajmer 13 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 165 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 119/8 Imperial 2300 P. 571/4 Central X R 100 Coupon 21/8 India 241/8 Union 11/2 Baroda 169/8 Habib 168/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 78/8 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 47 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5650 Empire 1790 New India 79/12 Jupiter 31/14 Vulcan 15/2 Indian Mercantile 57/8, Universal Fire 18 British India General 22/8 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/8 New Great 27 All-India General 32.

RAILWAYS

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 620 Steamer 576/4 Burma New 183/12 Burma Petrol 3/14/3 Mackenzie 180 Port Canning 81 Kemp 475 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 105 Wimco 306/4 Dharmasey Chemical 34/8 Mukund Iron 11/12 Dena Trust 18 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 56 Bombay Safe Deposit 835

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 211/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1395 Tata Power 1440. Hydro 137. Bombay Steamer 215, Nagpur 697/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 820 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 269/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 123 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 150 Mysore Mill 51

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/8/6 B.I.C. 9/13 Burma Corporation 5 New Victoria 8/12 New Victoria Preference 7/8 Raja 35 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 370 Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Saltan 290 Osmanshahi 297/8, Ajamshahi 265, Air Services 15 Air India 185 Birla Motor 8/4 Marshal 7/4 I Steam 15/5

PRODUCE MARKET

POMBAY, July 14

The produce market was quietly steady with comparatively small turnover.

Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 153/4 and after advancing at Rs. 154 reacted at Rs. 153/10. May delivery opened at Rs. 134/12 and advanced at Rs. 135/14 but quietened at Rs. 135/8. Ready quotation was Rs. 34/8 and Cawnpore were placed at Rs. 32/4. Castorseed oil first pressing was quoted at Rs. 22/4 and Commercial quality was quoted at Rs. 19/12.

Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 30/9. July August business was done at Rs. 30/11 and September October was placed at Rs. 30/8. Linseed oil was quoted at Rs. 19/8.

Groundnuts Khandesh quality were placed at Rs 34/12 Coromandal Madras were quoted at Rs. 33/12 and November December new crop business was done at Rs. 29/8. Groundnut oil ready was quoted at Rs. 20. August delivery was quoted at Rs. 20/6 and September at Rs. 20/8.

Later on there was renewed buying and Castorseeds September were quoted at Rs. 155 and May delivery business was done at Rs. 136/8.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 14.

MILLS.

Bharucha (Defd.) 6/12 Apollo 4/10 4/12/6 4/10/6 4/11 4/10/6 Bharat 54/12 55 B. Dyeing 1200 7/8 1190 1210 1180 92/8 87/8 1202/8 1195 1202/8 1200 C. India 330 28 39 34 48 Colaba 265 E. Textiles 735 40 35 37/8 32/8 Elphinstone (Ord.) 94 Elphinstone (Pref) 122/8 Finlay 327 25 29 26 31 26 28 Gokak 359 62 58 63 58 60 I. U. (Defd.) 3/6 3/5/6 3/6 3/5/6 3/6 I. U. (Ord.) 17/6 17/10 17/6 17/7 17/3 17/4 Indore 640 35 37/8 32/8 37/8 Khatau 320 22/8 Kohinoor 688 86 90 79 84 81 84 68 75 73 79 77 78 Madhusudan 290 305 Meyer 237/8 42/8 38/12 Model 197/8 201/4 198/12 Mysore 261/8 New City 227/8 New Great 420 24 22 25 21 26 25 Morarji 620 12/8 Podar 360 58/12 Simplex 372 68 72 66 73 70 Swadeshi 672 76 70 75 68 75 Swan 364 62/8 64 Tata Mills 84/4 Vishnu 635

BANKS.

Baroda 169/8 69 69/8 Central 100 99/12 100 99/8 100 Imperial (Old) 2300 10 2300 Imperial (New) 572/8 71/4 India 242 41/8 Reserve 118/8 20 19 20 19/8 Union 11 11/3 11/2 U. Commercial 77 78/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 156/4 58/12 B. Tram 116/8 16/4 17 16/8 16/12 Hydro 179 80 B. Suburban 165 Power 1760 67/8 60 62/8 60

INSURANCE.

B. I. General 22/8 Jupiter 31/14 New India 80 79/8 80 79/8 79/12 Vulcan 15 15/2

STEAMER.

B. Steam 573/12 76/4 Scindia 33/8 34/2 34 34/14 34/8 35 34/14 35

STEEL.

B. Steel 29/6 29/8 29/4 29/6 29/4 29/5 I. Iron 36/2 36/3 35/15 36/4 36/3 Tata (Defd.) 2090 2107/8 2087/8 2115 2082/8 96/4 90 2105 2/8 10 Tata (Ord) 408/8 10 7 11 7 8 7/8 10 Tata (Ind) Pref) 166/8 66/4 68/8 66

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 620 17/8 22/8 20 A. C. C. (Old) 178 81 77/12 80/8 78/8 79/8 79 A. C. C. (New) 54 58 56 Belapur 280 79 80 77 79 77 78 B. B. (Old) 507/8 27/8 15 18/12 B. B. (New) 182/8 85 81/4 83/12 B. B. Petrol 3/12 3/15 3/14 3/14/3 Dharamsey Chem. 34/8 I. Bleaching 157 58 Kemp Co. 475 Port Canning 81 80 81 P. Construction 211 16 12 19 13 15 14 16 15 16 Shivrajpur 39/4 40 Tata Chemical 15 14/12 15 14/14 15 Tata Oil 74 74/8 73 73/8 73 Wimco 301/4 7/8 6/4 7/8 6/4

SPECIAL.

Kohinoor Coupon 75 74 74/4 73/8 75 Central Coupon 22 21/8 Central Bank (New) 99/8 Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 117/8 Mukud Iron 11/12

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 14.

Tata Ordinary 410; Tata Deferred 2110; Indian Iron 36/3; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 29/5; Bombay Dyeing 1200; Central India 348/2; Gokak 360; Kohinoor 678/2; Simplex 270; Swadeshi 675; Tata Power 1760, Associated Cement 179; Belapur 278/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 518/12; Scindia 35; Central Bank 100; New India 79/6; Tata 2nd Pref. 168/2.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 14

The cotton market was expected to open to-day at Rs. 455 for September delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 454/8 and declined at Rs. 453/12 under scattered selling. At this level there was scattered support and the market rallied at Rs. 454/4.

At present both forward and Spot markets are working in opposite directions. In the forward market, the buyer is not sure of the class of cotton while in Spot market there is scarcity of good cotton.

Thereafter the market was quiet with September quoted at Rs 453/12 and July at Rs. 442/4.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	441	6	0
I.C.C. September	452	6	0

High & Low Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, July 12.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
July	443-1/2	440-1/2	441-1/8
Sept.	455-1/2	453-1/4	453-3/4
Karachi 4F July	49-12-3	49-4-0	49-4-3

Indian Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton (September Contract is 1679 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 14

The Bullion market was fairly steady with moderate business. There are persistent rumours of the ormation of a Bull Syndicate and sellers remain cautious.

Ready Silver opened to-day at Rs. 171/12 and advanced at Rs. 172/6 under moderate buying. At this level the demand was satisfied and increased liquidation depressed Silver quotation at Rs. 171/4. The market steadied and Silver was quoted at Rs. 171/8.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 112/6 and advanced at Rs. 112/12 on scattered buying but reacted at Rs. 112/8. Ready Gold was placed at premium of annas six at Rs. 112/14 while Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74.

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	170	5	0
Ready Gold	112	9	0
Forward Gold	112	3	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 14.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates I T D D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T. D D. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D N. Y. Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C

Paris Banks Selling I. T. Fcs 3550

Paris Banks Buying I. T. Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D D Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. nil.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4

Burma Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate 401 4.02 5/8 to 4.02 3/4.

London Discts 3 mos 17/32%

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%

Money:—Call 1/4 pc, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent

Tone: Easy

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

We give below the net profits of the Imperial Bank of India for the half-year ended 30th June and their distribution:—

Net Profits for the half-year ended 30th June, 1947, Rs. 61,69,700; Brought forward from 31st December 1946, 41,81,2000. Total Rs. 103,50,900.

The Directors have declared a dividend of 14 per cent per annum absorbing, Rs. 39,37,500; Transferred to Reserve Fund, Rs. 5,00,000; Transferred to Pension Funds, Rs. 1,21,400; Bonus to Staff, Rs. 13,30,000; Carried forward, Rs. 44,42,000. Total Rs. 103,50,900.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, July 14.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180 Gullandy 200/210 Fibre Garbled 157/8 Ungarbled 152/8 Coccanuts Raw 135 Dry 225 Cocoanutoil 600 Copra Office 395 Dilpasand 420 Madrasnottam 475 Pepper Wanaad 555 Country 545 Dryginger Chernad 300 Ernad 285 Coffee Robusta 90 Timber Pali 50/55 Junglewood 29 Vellapine 40/45 Benteak 48/55J Teak 175/90 Bangoplanks 3/8 Teak 12/17/8 Rosewood 12/16.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Weakness In Forward Market On Speculative Unloading

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd. have issued the following weekly report:—

After the initial weakness earlier in the week, prices in New York rose sharply to new high levels on the issuance of the acreage estimate on the 8th instant. The crop Reporting Board placed the area planted to cotton as on July 1 at 21,369,000 acres, an increase of 17.8 per cent over the last season's revised figure of 16,190,000 acres. Though the estimate is in line with most of the private estimates, the fact remains that it is much below the official target of 23,000,000 acres and proved smaller than trade expectations. With a very small carryover and with the major share of the requirements of Japan and Germany assured for the U. S. cotton, the report provided a psychological stimulus emphasising the tightness of contracts, which is not unusual at this stage of the season. As a result, the market responded with an advance of nearly a cent per pound on the day of the publication of the report and about a cent and a quarter on the following two days.

CROP POTENTIALITIES.

The trade during the next few weeks will concentrate its attention to a large extent on crop potentialities. Making allowance for abandonment on the average basis of the last ten years, one may expect 20,969,000 acres may be harvested. If this proves correct and the acreage produces cotton at a rate of 263 lbs. per acre, the average of the last five years, the crop will be approximately 11,040,000 bales, which is less than the estimated requirements of 12,330,000 bales. The ultimate outturn, however, depends on weather conditions which so far have been almost uniformly favourable: but it is well to keep in mind that the crop has just entered the most critical month of the growing season and the sentiment will be extremely buoyant, should unfavourable weather conditions ensue. The cotton industry no doubt faces another year of small supplies.

The official prices of raw cotton have been raised in Britain nearer the world parity. The new rates of the U. S. cotton are still 3 to 4 pence below the replacement costs. A comparative table of increases is given below:—

EGYPTIANS.

Ashmouni	1/2 d.
Zagora, Giza 7, Menufi Wafr.	1 d.
Karnak, Maraad, Sakels ...	1½ d.

SUDANS.

Tokar, G. L.	1 d.
G. S. Zeidas .....K.....	2 d.
East African	1½ d.

NORTH & SOUTH AMERICA.

Peruvian Tanguis	2 d.
Short staple Americans	2 d.
Brazilian	1½ d.

RUSSIANS 1½ d. EAST INDIANS.

Short staple and American Seed varieties ..... 1 d.

As against these increases, prices of all American type yarns have been increased by 2.20d. per pound. In view of the fact that a spinner who uses cotton other than American to produce American Type yarn stands to get full benefit of the advance of 2.20d., it is evident that these changes will encourage increased use of Brazilian, Indian, Egyptian and other outside growths in place of American.

LOCAL SITUATION.

The feature of the week has been that the two sections of the Bombay Cotton Market have developed opposite trends. Values in the forward section had declined to Rs. 431 and Rs. 446½ respectively for I.C.C. July and September. The weakness has manifested itself in July which had to withstand the impact of heavy speculative unloading. Although tenders against July have so far been 16,250 bales, they have been long in circulation as nobody desires to take cotton on dockets as he cannot be sure what cotton he would get. This has shaken confidence in the hedge market and has divorced the forward section from the actual cotton situation, which more than ever continues to reflect the general tight position good style cotton. The difference between 4F July (Karachi) and I.C.C. July has widened from Rs. 19 on 2nd inst. to Rs. 32 yesterday.

New Delhi's decision to retain control on cloth with a drive for bigger production of cloth has failed to instil confidence. While the Government of India have been urging the mills to introduce immediately the three shift system, the Bombay Provincial Government are not in favour of this, as the Province faces an acute housing problem, water scarcity and food famine. Under the circumstances, recruitment of fresh labour is not an easy task.

Considerable activity was witnessed on the spot, both Indian mills and exporters concentrating their demand on every available lot of clean, long and medium staple cotton varieties. Premia for L.S.S. and N.T.s have risen to Rs. 110 ON and Rs. 125 ON whereas Surat and Vijay styles were traded in up to Rs. 170 ON and Rs. 160 ON respectively. High grade Jarilla varities are quoted around Rs. 60 ON but only stray lots have changed hands.

We have received the following telegram from our Karachi Office dated 10th inst:—

"Large offtake in NT. Inferior 4F and LSS being daily cleared off market thanks to China covertures. Exporters investing in 289F particularly Sawginned. General tightness in superior styles, all staples. Keen demand for old crop Low Bengals and yellow. Moderate business in NT new crop with premiums steady."

KUTCH HUNDI

BHUJ, July 12.

290 to 291 Silver 148 Gold 107

GENERAL IMPROVEMENT IN COMMODITY PRICES AT HAPUR

Gur Firm Up On Export Demand

HAPUR, July 11.

There has been an all round improvement in commodity prices during the week under review. The common man is desperately perturbed by the daily rising food price index. Scarcity feeling all over the country and the rather gloomy prospects for the coming months have resulted in further rise in wheat, gram, peas and almost all pulses prices. Procurement results have been very satisfactory indeed both here and for the province as a whole. Arrivals are now very poor. Hapur is now exporting barley and oats and will soon export maize to the needy areas out of the U. P. Government accumulated stocks build here last year.

RISE IN GUR

There is further rise in gur prices due to good export demand. Now that the stock holders as co-operating with the authorities in fulfilling their obligations for sending gur to deficit areas at controlled hopes, there is every hope that the authorities will also allow them to carry their own stock to such areas. That is a tempting prospect.

Mustardseed quotation also recorded a rise. This is of course due to very heavy demand, possession of the present stock in strong hands and poor arrivals. There has been a corresponding in Mustardoil prices also.

Bardana futures have remained very steady despite short reactions on profit coverings. This has been in sympathy with strong feeling in the Calcutta Jute market and excellent prospects for the export of manufactured jute goods as also raw jute.

Silver and gold markets have remained steady. The common steadling factor is the poor prospects for early imports of metal into the country, although bulls have been selling at higher rates for profit coverings. The recent decline in overseas prices of silver had had no affect here. Gold also remained steady but quiet.

Current quotations are: Wheat 20 Gram 15 Peas 14 Barley 11/8 Arhar 13/12 Urd 21 Moong 18 Gur 17/10 Mustardseed 24/8 Oil 68 Bardana Asuj 83 Silver 170/2 Gold 112/4.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, July 12.

Silver Forward 168/2 Opened 169 Highest 169/5 Lowest 167/11 Gold Forward 1111/2 Highest 112, erratic with general bearsigh undertone Bardana Asuj 83 Highest 84/4 Lowest 18 opened Steady But 84/4 Lowest 18 opened steady but declined on profit covering Liquidations Wheat 21 Gram 15/8 Barley 11/7 Peas 13/10 Arhar 13/14/6 Sarson 24/6 Yellow 25/6 Parseed 2 Gur 17 Shakkar 16 Urad 21 Moong 17/12 Bejhar 12/5 food grains pulses oilseeds market steady Gur quiet uptodate procurements 4008 mds grains stocks wheat 60 Barley 861 Peas 140 Arhar 120 Maize 48 Khatties.

MANU MEHTA'S BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE YEAR BOOK

Mr. M. C. Mehta, Member of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, has published the Bombay Stock Exchange Year Book 1946-47 containing exhaustive information about over 170 companies whose shares are actively dealt in the ring of the local Share Bazar. Spread over 350 pages, the present publication is a distinct improvement over the two previous year books. The first two chapters provide back ground for the investing public while each section of various industries examines present developments with future possibilities. In th days when the country is passing through political changes, economic and financial and industrial conditions are bound to have serious effects and the year book will provide a helpful guide to investers.

HEAVY MACHINERY FOR HYDERABAD

NEW YORK, July 14 (Reuter): A Laik Ali, General Director of the Hyderabad Construction Company, Inc., by British Airways, Bristol speedbird plane for England after six days in the United States where, he said, he had purchased between three million and four million dollars worth of machinery including electrical generating units, coal-mining, paper, sugar and textile mill machinery.

Parts of the power generating units were purchased in connection with the power plan for the Godaveri River in Hyderabad on which work is about to begin.

Consumption Of Indian Cotton

Indian Central Cotton Committee, has issued the following Statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India during the month of April:—

(Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States).

(In bales of 400 lbs. net).

	CONSUMPTION. During April 1947.	During April 1946.
British India	205,037	237,247
Indian States	49,588	34,711
Total—India	254,625	311,958
	Since 1st September 1946.	During the corresponding period last year.
British India	1,695,997	2,360,186
Indian States	389,794	462,062
Total—India	2,085,791	2,731,248

DOCTORS RECOMMEND PRAVIN GRIPE SYRUP KEEPS BABY WELL
AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS
PRAVIN LABORATORY, BOMBAY. 7.

CATARACT
Try Degun's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye-troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Success guaranteed. Particulars free Price Rs. 3. Postage As. 12.
KAMLA WORKS (B.C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.
THE SCINDIA LINE
BOMBAY-Gwalior—DELHI
Tues., Thurs., Sat.
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BOMBAY, Cawn LUCKNOW
Tuesdays return Fridays
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Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES"

For TEXTILE DYES & INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS

How to make a LITTLE food go a LONG way

Owing to the acute food shortage in the country, rations are being maintained today at the absolute minimum needed. It is the duty of every responsible house-wife to make a little food go a long way these days.

In order to make sure of this, see that your dishes are prepared in the most delicious way possible. Poories, Chappaties, Bhajjias—in fact, all food taste best when cooked in Swastik Gowalin Brand Vanaspati.

Made from the choicest vegetable products and rich in energy-giving elements, Gowalin Brand Vanaspati comes to you in hygienically sealed tins which preserve its quality.

Available in 2 lbs, 5 lbs. and 10 lbs. at all stores.

Other quality Swastik products include Perfumed Castor Oil, Kanti Soap and other toilet soaps, Swastik Shaving Stick and Washing soaps.

SWASTIK GOWALIN BRAND VANASPATI
UNMATCHED FOR QUALITY
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LIMITED, Wadala, BOMBAY.
SOM-8 SHILPI
BE INDIAN - - - - - - - - - - BUY INDIAN!

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe The UNO Can Dig Up An International Language — By BUD FISHER

BON APPETIT!
ER — LITTLE JEFF!
?
HEY, MUTT! EVERY MORNING A FRENCHMAN WHO EATS AT MY TABLE BOWS AND SAYS, "BON APPETIT" TO ME!
SO I GET UP, BOW BACK AND SAY, "LITTLE JEFF" TO HIM!
YOU BOOB, HE'S BEING POLITE! "BON APPETIT" MEANS, "GOOD APPETITE TO YOU!
?
BON APPETIT!
LITTLE JEFF!

The end of a perfect day 'mix a Milo'

When temperature and h... are in the 'nineties', it's ... difficult to get the proper slee... nerves become frayed and resi... lowered For fitful sle...

MILO
FORTIFIED TONIC FOOD
A NESTLÉ PRODUCT

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

A Sikh (shaven) Army Major, Pre-war Regular King's Commissioned Officer, age 28 wants immediate marriage, pretty educated girl. Write Box No. 6379, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted the following qualified and experienced staff: (1) Storekeeper salary upto Rs. 125|- p.m. (2) Cane Supervisors salary upto Rs. 60|- p.m. (3) Stores Assistants salary upto Rs. 75|- p.m. (4) Sales and Accounts Assistants salary upto Rs. 100|- p.m. (5) Assistants for Time-Keeper's office salary upto Rs. 75|- p.m. Plus dearness allowance as per Company's scale in each case. Apply with full particulars and testimonials to The Kesar Sugar Works Limited, Baheri, District Bareilly, U.P. (4428)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Experienced Jigs, Tools and general machine designer seeks part-time job. Apply Box No. 6493, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

National Homoeopathic Medical College—Navsari—opening 15th July. Admission to Matriculates upto 1st August. Hostel accommodation four years' course H.M.B. For prospectus apply Principal. (6489)

Govt. School For Training Labour Welfare Workers. Course from August 1947 to March 1948. Good opportunity of theoretical and practical training for prospective labour leaders and welfare workers. Apply for details to Director, Labour Welfare Department, DeLisle Road, Bombay 11. (4429)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Attention businessmen, technicians, professional men, ladies and gentlemen. American and British Magazines keep you informed and upto the moment. Write for our 2,000 magazine catalogue. International Bookhouse Ltd., Opposite Clock Tower, Fort, Bombay. (4217)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Cotton Piecegoods with export quotas available for Middle East countries. Make offers to Gupta, 98, Daryaganj, Delhi. (6495)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order. Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles, Ludhiana. (6396)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Ice Plant, for Immediate Sale, one 25 ton Ammonia Compressor by Messrs. L. Stern & Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, with 100 B.H.P. electric Motor, R.P.M. 730, by Messrs. Crompton Parkinson, England. For full particulars, apply to A. Majeed Paul, Catering Contractor, N. S. Railway, Secunderabad, Deccan. (6492)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale One Ship's Wooden Lifeboat 24 ft., Capacity 32 persons. Can be inspected on application to Operations Department, Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Ballard Estate, Bombay. Offers marked "Lifeboat" should be submitted to Lloyd's Agency, Post Box No. 902, Bombay. (6499)

For Sale Zeiss Ikon folding 1:4,5f sec 250 compur shutter Camera, excellent condition. What offers. Jogabhatt Almora. (6494)

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts. C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985 "Bombay Chronicle"

Superior Mango, lichi and other fruit grafts ready. Plantation recommended. Season suitable catalogue free. Green Nursery, Muzaffarpore (B). (6471)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. (S.T.) on 14-8-1947, for earthwork, approximating to 1,50,00,000 C.ft., bridges, station buildings, staff quarters, gate lodges, signal cabins and wells on Hamirpur and Bhimsen Diversions on the Bhimsen-Khairada Railway Restoration. Both these Diversions are situated in Cawnpore District in the United Provinces.

2. The form of tender, Schedule and Conditions of contract can be obtained from the Oflice of the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the works will be supplied on an addition payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded.

3. This notice cancels the advertisements calling for tenders for some of the above works by Divisional Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Jhansi "North", recently inserted in Newspapers. 4403

PUBLIC NOTICES

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of the following buildings and will be received by the undersigned upto 14-00 hours on the 31st August, 1947.

Serial No.	Name of work & station where to be constructed.	Approximate labour cost only.	Approximate labour plus material cost complete.
		Rs.	Rs.
1.	Constructing a new station building at Mansi (Bihar)	27,000/-	81,000/-
2.	Dismantling the existing station building at Mahindrughat (Bihar) and constructing a new building.	43,000/-	1,28,000/-
3.	Remodelling station building Lucknow Junction (U.P.)	1,12,000/-	3,35,000/-
4.	Constructing a new station building Mailani (U.P.)	30,000/-	90,000/-

2. The contractors may submit two alternate tenders:-
(i) for the labour for constructing the buildings excluding the cost of the materials which will be supplied by the Railway.
(ii) for the construction of the buildings including both the labour and the supply of all the materials complete.

3. Any contractor who is unable to supply steel or cement may also mention this in his tender. They will then be arranged by this Administration.

4. Tender documents can be had from the office of the Chief Engineer, Gorakhpur, between 10 A.M. and 4-30 P.M. except on Sundays and holidays on payment of Rs. 5/- per copy. The cost of tender documents will not be refunded in any circumstances.

5. Tenderers not in possession of the "Book of Instructions to the guidance of contractors, etc.," which will form part of the contract documents should deposit a further sum of Rs. 2/- and a book of Standard Schedule of rates can also be had on payment of Rs. 2/8/- per copy.

6. The rates should be quoted in figures and words as "Schedule Rates" or as percentage above or below the schedule rates.

7. No tender will be considered without deposit of earnest money which should be deposited with the F.A. & Chief Accounts Officer, O.T. Railway, Gorakhpur, either in cash or approved bond @ Rs. 5/- % of the total value of the tender and the receipt number quoted in the tender.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
Oudh Tirhut Railway.
(4425)

WANTED

MATRON and ASSISTANT MATRON cum Sister Tutor for the Patna Medical College Hospital. Qualifications and conditions of services will be as follows:—
QUALIFICATIONS:—

FOR MATRON:—Fully trained in general nursing and midwifery and registered as such Experience in administration and teaching of nurses and held responsible post in good training school for nurses. Possess good working knowledge of Hindustani.

FOR ASSISTANT MATRON CUM SISTER TUTOR:—General and midwifery trained C.M.P. Passed Sister Tutor and general hospital administration courses from recognised college Able to teach in English and in Hindustani Sufficient experience in teaching of nurses preferred.

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE:—

Both appointments on four years contract in the 1st instance but renewable if services found satisfactory Appointments terminable on 3 months' notice on either side

Matron's Pay—Rs. 350-10-400 and Assistant Matron's Pay—Rs. 250-10/2-300 a month. Rs 100/- a year as uniform allowance plus Rs. 2/8/- a month as Dhobi allowance for each.

Free board, free furnished quarters with free electric current for lights and fans for both.

Benefit of contributory provident fund for Matron—no pension

Leave as allowed to Nursing Sister's is admissible to both. No passage concession to selected candidates unless ex-Asiatic domicile and recruited from country overseas.

European and Indian widow and unmarried candidates are eligible for these posts. Service terminates on marriage

Apply to the Secretary, Nurses Selection Committee and Superintendent, Patna Medical College Hospital, P.O. Bankipore, Patna, on or before the 6th August, 1947

4332

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 21-7-47 for the supply of Vegetables at the Railway's Grainshops at Poona and Sholapur Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

(4393)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 21-7-47 for the supply of Milk from 1-8-47 at the Railway's Milk Shops at Igatpuri, Nasik, Devlali, Nandgaon and Bhusaval. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

(4394)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 24-7-47 for the supply of Milk at the Railway's Milk Shops at Dhond and Sholapur from 1-8-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

(4396)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 24-7-1947 for the supply of Groundnut Oil from 1-8-47 at the Railway's Grainshops at Poona, Lonavla, Dehu Road, Ahmednagar and Sholapur. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

(4397)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill four temporary posts of 'B' grade workmen (Moulders) grade Rs. 140 fixed (New Scale) subject to revision on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission's report, in the Foundry Shop, Parel, of the Mechanical Department.

Candidates possessing the following qualifications need only apply:—
(i) AGE—Between 20 and 25 years on 1-8-47.
(ii) EDUCATION—Matriculation or Junior Cambridge certificate minimum qualifications.
(iii) EXPERIENCE—Must have served an apprenticeship in a recognised foundry and have at least 2 years' experience as a journeyman, must have a good knowledge of moulding practice and also a knowledge of sand mixtures for different classes of work. Experience in metal mixtures melting practice and machine moulding will be an asset.

Candidates must be physically fit generally and have the following sight standards:—
Distant vision as tested with Landolts split rings must not be less than 6.9 in one eye and 6.12 in the other eye with or without glasses and the admissible myopia not more than 4-D.

Candidates desirous of offering their services for the above posts should submit their applications together with copies of their testimonials to the Works Manager, G. I. P. Railway Workshop, Parel, upto 31-7-1947. Candidates called for interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call to attend interview will not imply offer of definite employment. Candidates belonging to scheduled classes, Muslim, Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European, Indian Christian, Sikh and Parsee communities who attain the qualified standard will be shown some preference. 4381

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
I.C. No. 50 of 1947

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913 and the ASSOCIATED BANKING CORPORATION OF INDIA, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Honourable The Judge taking Company matters (before whom the petition presented by the abovenamed bank, namely The Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd., for sanctioning a scheme is now pending) has directed the said bank to convene separate meetings of (1) the creditors in British India and (2) the members of the bank for the purpose of considering and if thought fit approving with or without modification the scheme of arrangement to be made between the said bank and its creditors and members which is annexed as exhibit D to the said Petition and for electing the new directors of the Bank under the said scheme and that such meetings will be held at 2 o'clock p.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. respectively on Saturday, the 2nd August, 1947, at the Registered Office of the Bank at Laxmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort Bombay.

The said Judge has directed Mr. K. K. Dastur, Master and Assistant Prothonotary and in his absence any other officer appointed by the Prothonotary and Senior Master to be the Chairman of the said meetings.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1947

S. F. B. TYABJI & CO.,
Solicitors for the Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd
55, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
4330

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Building Inspectors in the grade of Rs. 70-5-120 plus Rs. 4 cycle allowance P.M. and dearness allowance sanctioned by the Municipality from time to time. The candidate should be a Diploma holder in Civil Engineering of a recognised College with knowledge of Gujarati and cycling. The posts are permanent and pensionable.

Applications stating full particulars regarding age, qualifications and previous experience, etc., together with testimonials should reach the Undersigned on or before 5th August, 1947.

T. R. DESAI,
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Surat, 10-7-1947.
(4423)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
LEASE OF LAND BY AUCTION

Plot No. 42 on the Ballard Estate, admeasuring approximately 1,244 4/9 sq. yards, is to be leased for a period of 99 years, for use as first class shops, show-rooms and offices on the ground floor and first class offices and/or residences on the upper floors. The lease will be put up to auction in the office of the undersigned at Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, at 3-0 p.m. on 24-7-1947.

2. Copies of full particulars and conditions of auction are obtainable from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rupee one only.

3. The site plan and draft agreement to lease with form of lease annexed may be seen at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturdays.

(Sd.) H. G. DOSHI,
B.E., M.I.E.,
Manager,
Land and Bunders.
Bombay, 11th July, 1947.
(4416)

AUCTION SALE

AUCTIONEERS:—Messrs. Chowringhee Sales Bureau Ltd., Calcutta.

TIME & DATE:—At 9 A.M. Bengal Time on 8th and 9th August '47.

LOCATION:—E.S.D., Kankinara (Bengal).

STORES:—A lot of road making and Agricultural machinery comprising of Bitumen Mobile Mixers, Ditcher Plough Type; Harrow multi type disc., Harrow spring-toothed (Bullock and Tractor Type), Agricultural Mower, Drainage Mole Ploughs, Bituminised Hessiam Layers, cable laying ploughs, revolving towed Grader, Trackson Crane, Tractor Crane, Elevating Graders, Wheeled type trencher, 8 C. yd. Scraper, Shop-foot rollers, 3 C. yd., Dumpers, Heavy Rollers ½ yd. and ¾ yds. ships crane, 34 C. yd. Rotary scrapers, Agregate Driers, Rotary scrapers, Colloidal Mixers, Bitumen Heaters, Airborne scrappers, Trailer Pumps, Concrete Mixers, etc., etc.

Full details and inspection permits may be obtained from the Information Officer, office of the Regional Commissioner, Disposals, 4, Esplanade East, CALCUTTA.
(4415)

WANTED.

WANTED EXPERIENCED HANDS to work as Accountants and Officers-in-Charge of various departments in a first class scheduled bank. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 4267, "Bombay Chronicle."

RUBY GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Meeting of the Policyholders called to be held on the 30th August, 1947, for election of two Directors is hereby CANCELLED as only two applications have been received and the number of Directors to be elected is only two. Accordingly the two applicants Messrs. Radhakrishna Kanoria and Rameshwarlal Nopany are deemed to have been elected as Policyholders' Directors.

Delhi, 7th July, 1947.
J. P. KANORIA,
General Manager.
(4431)

IN THE OFFICE OF THE CUSTODIAN OF MOVABLE PROPERTY, BURMA.
CUSTODIAN OF MOVABLE PROPERTY ACT, 1945.
Section 8 (1) and Rule 3 (1).
PROCLAMATION

PROCLAMATION is hereby made under Sub-Section (1) of Section 8 of the Custodian of Movable Property Act, 1945, that it is proposed to treat all rubber found on absentee owners' estates and elsewhere and taken over by the Rubber Project on the re-occupation of Burma, as the property of Rubber Estate owners, who throughout the period of enemy occupation were absent from Burma or who were absent from the district in which their estate is situated and had no representative there. Such rubber estate owners should submit their claims to the Custodian of Property, Burma, 313, Sparks Street, Rangoon by 31st August, 1947, after which date no claims will be considered.

ON PE,
Custodian of Property,
Burma.
Rangoon, the 7th day of May, 1947.
(3603)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ANDHRA INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
H.O. MASULIPATAM.

Mr. D. SUBRAMANIAM, M.A., A.I.A., F.S.S. (Lond.), Secretary, Andhra Insurance Company Ltd., Masulipatam, will be reaching Bombay by Air on 17th noon and will be staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay, till 22nd July, 1947. Persons interested in the organisation of the Life and General Business of the Company in the Bombay Presidency can interview him by appointment at the place.
(4417)

NOTICE

OWING to the death in London of Sir FREDERICK STONES, SENIOR DIRECTOR in India of E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD., the Head Office and Mills of the Firm will remain CLOSED as a mark of respect on the day of the Funeral, Wednesday, the 16th instant.
(4422)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAFFERBHAI BHANJEE, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property or any portion thereof by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate at Nishanpada Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 241 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under New No. A/7089 R.R. No. 2664 and 2504 and bearing Collectors New Survey No. 2/3138, Cadastral No. 1661, 1660 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 2838, 2839, formerly under Street Nos. 69-73, 75-79 and now under No. 185 @ 187 and revised Street Nos. 185A, 186 and 181 to 183 and bounded as follows: on the North by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1662 on the South by the property, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1659, on the East by Tantanpura Street, and on the West by Nishanpada Road.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1947.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4420)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISRICTION
Summary Suit No. 1907 of 19[illegible]

THE INTERNATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD., a Bank, incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 having its Registered Office at Gandhi Road, Ahmedabad and branch offices amongst other places at Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

v/s

SHAM SUNDER KISHANDAS, a firm, carrying on business as General Merchants at Devkaran Mansion, Princess Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants

To
K. D. RAJANI, Esqur.,
a Partner of the defendant firm abovenamed.

THE PLAINTIFFS have instituted this suit against the abovenamed Defendants under Rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure for recovering the sum of Rs. 10,005-4-9 being the amount due and payable by the Defendants to the Plaintiff Bank at the foot of the Overdraft Account of the Defendants with the Plaintiff Bank with interest on the running account at the rate of 6% per annum with quarterly rests from the 1st day of October, 1945, till judgment and further interest on judgment at 6% till payment. And you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within 10 days from the date of publication of the summons in default the Plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiry of such 10 days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 10,005-4-9 with interest as aforesaid and costs. Witness Sir Leonard Stone, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 2nd day of November, 1946.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN IYER,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Dated this 2nd day of November, 1946.
Messrs. MATHUBAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.
(4432)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HOSHANG GUSTAD IRANI and Mrs. BANU HOSHANG IRANI, both Irani Zoroastrian inhabitants of Bombay and Poona have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client SHREEMANT PARVATIDEVI GHORPADE, Dowager Raneesaheb of Mudhol.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement 5,976 Sq. Yards or thereabouts, situate and being plot No. 111 at Koregaon Road Area (popularly known as Koregaon Park or Koregaon Road Estate) in the Survey limits of the village of Manjeri in the Taluka and Registration Sub-District of Haveli, District Poona and bearing C.T.S. No. 482 of Poona in the Poona District, together with the messuages, tenements, bungalows, dwelling houses, servants' quarters, garages and structures standing thereon and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by open land, on or towards the South by Plot No. 110, on or towards the West by a road and on or towards the North by Plot No. 112.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1947.
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4418)

HIGH COURT
O.O.C.J.
Summary Suit No. 2456 of 1946
MANMAL KHANGARJI ..... Plaintiff.
versus
ANANT HARIHAR KHASGIVALE ..... Defendant

To
The Defendant abovenamed.

THE PLAINTIFF has filed the above suit under Rule 2 of O 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure to recover from you Rs. 8,120-10-0 being the amount of balance due at foot of your Pro-Note, dated 11th September, 1946, and interest.

You are hereby Summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within 10 days from the publication hereof. In default, the Plaintiff, after expiry of 10 days, will be entitled to obtain a decree for the said sum of Rs. 8,120/10/- and interest on Rs. 8,000/ at 1% per month from 26th November, 1946, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment.

If you cause an appearance to be entered, the Plaintiff will serve upon you a summons for Judgment, at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask for leave to defend the suit if you satisfy the Court by an affidavit that there is a defence on the merits.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1947.
MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
(4424)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MILKHIRAM GOYEL doing business in Bombay of Import and Export of Textiles and General Merchandise under the firm name and style of Messrs. Milkhiram Brothers as the Sole Proprietor thereof, has this day CANCELLED the Power of Attorney given by him on the 29th day of January, 1947, to Mr. PRITHVICHAND GOYEL and Mr. SURESHCHANDRA SHUKLA and that their acts will not in any way bind him.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1947.
RUSTOMJI & GINWALLA,
Attorneys for Mr. Milkhiram Goyel, Sole Proprietor of Messrs. Milkhiram Brothers, Bombay.
(4421)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY BEARING NOS. 26-30 AT CHANDANWADY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., and Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co., Attorneys for the Vendors.

Sale on WEDNESDAY 16th July, 1947, at 4-30 P.M. the site of the property.

Pension Tax land admeasuring about 176 square yards with a building thereon, situate at Chandanwady out of Fort, Bombay, bearing New Survey No. 8223 and Cadastral Survey No. 455 and at present Street Nos. 26-30.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Esuf Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, or from the undersigned.

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.